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SUNDAY'S POST-DISPATCH

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ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

The Only Evening Paper in St. Louis With the Associated Press News Service.

VOL. 75. NO. 87.

ST. LOUIS, SATURDAY EVENING, DECEMBER 2, 1922—16 PAGES.

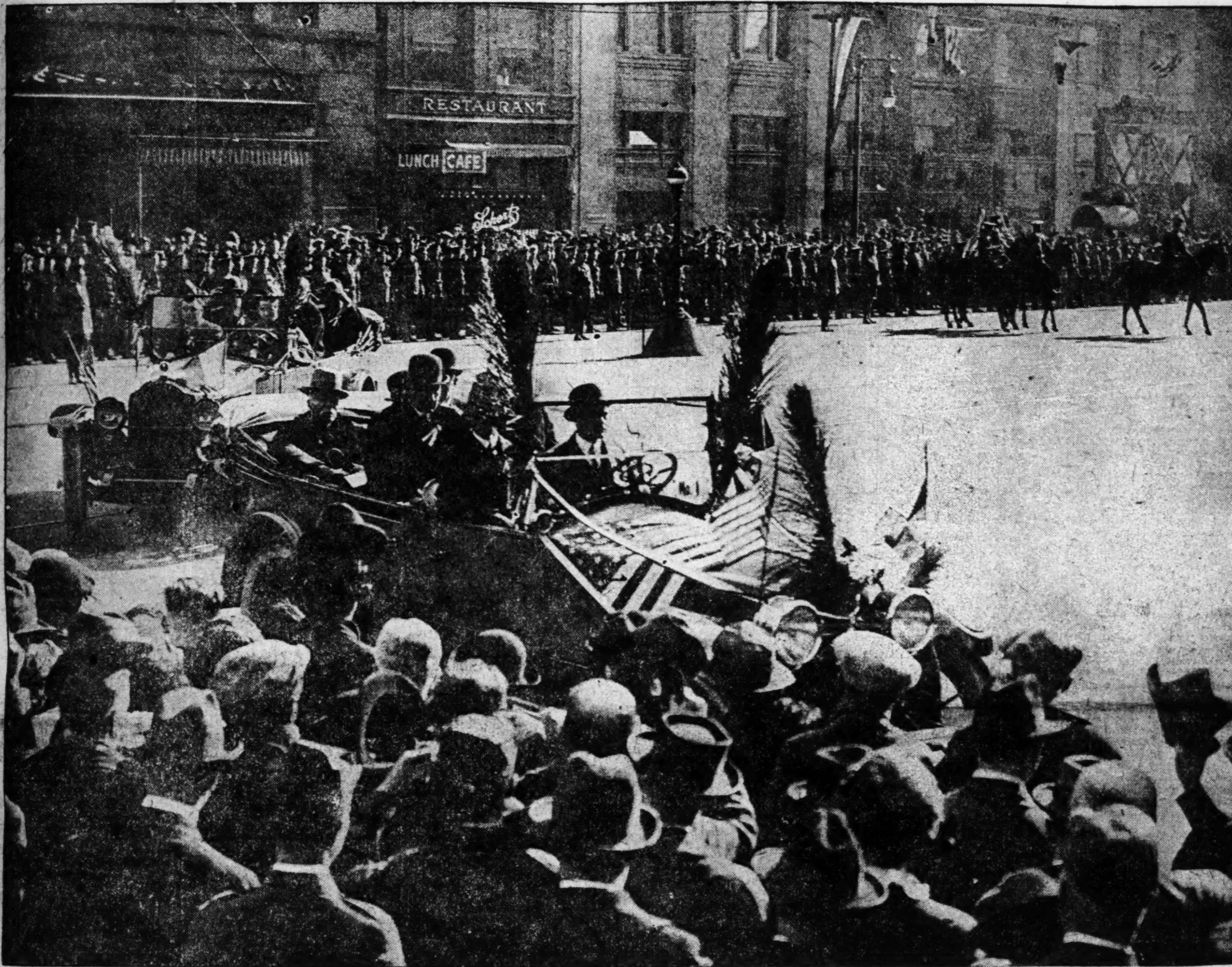
FINAL EDITION

(Champagne Market Reports)

PRICE 2 CENTS

PACKED HOUSE CHEERS CLEMENCEAU AT ODEON; CROWDS WELCOME HIM ON RIDE THROUGH CITY

CLEMENCEAU IN TWELFTH BOULEVARD ON WAY TO THE ODEON



"The Tiger" is seen under a soft hat in the first automobile facing the reader. A battalion of the Sixth Regiment, in the background, is lined up in front of the Post-Dispatch building.

DAMAGE-AWARD OF \$1000 FOR POOR TELEPHONE SERVICE

Minneapolis Lawyer Wins Verdict Against Exchange There—Com-
pany to take an Appeal.
By the Associated Press.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Dec. 2.—A District Court jury late yesterday awarded George S. Grimes, attorney, damages of \$1000 in his suit for \$2000 against the Northwestern Telephone Exchange Co., for alleged poor service during two years. The company indicated it would appeal.

QUART OF MILK UP ONE CENT

Plus Rainage at 7 Cents—
In Wholesale Quotation.

The retail price of milk was advanced from 13 to 14 cents a quart by St. Louis distributors yesterday. Their action was based upon an advance in the wholesale price from \$2.55 to \$2.12 for 100 pounds. Pints remain at 7 cents.

Milk prices commonly advance in winter, due to the increased cost of feeding dairy herds. It was stated an increased demand for butterfat was an element in the present advance.

CHINA AND JAPAN SIGN TREATY

By the Associated Press.

TOKIO, Dec. 2.—The Foreign Office has announced the signing at 9 o'clock yesterday morning of the agreement between China and Japan concerning Shantung.

The transfer of all Japanese interests in the Province of Shantung will take place at noon Dec. 5, when all the Japanese troops will be evacuated. Some matters, however, will be left for settlement after the evacuation.

FAIR TONIGHT AND TOMORROW; TEMPERATURE UNCHANGED

THE TEMPERATURES.

	43	61	59	49
1 a. m.	43	61	59	49
2 a. m.	42	59	57	48
3 a. m.	41	58	56	47
4 a. m.	41	58	55	47
5 a. m.	42	58	55	48

Official forecast for St. Louis and vicinity—

Fair tonight and tomorrow; not much change in temperature; the lowest tonight will be above freezing.

Missouri—Generally fair tonight and tomorrow; slightly warmer tonight in north portion.

Illinois—Generally fair tonight and tomorrow; slightly warmer tomorrow in extreme south portion.

Stage of the

Mississippi at 7 a. m., 3.1 feet, a fall of .2 foot; stage of the Missouri at St. Charles, 11.2 feet, a fall of .1 foot.

Week's Weather Outlook.

By the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 2.—The weather outlook for the week beginning Monday includes: Upper Mississippi and lower Missouri valleys, generally fair and normal temperature.

In Tomorrow's Sunday Post-Dispatch

Three States Aroused by Activi-
ties and Outrages of the Ku
Klux Klan—Two are planning
suppression of organization as
national menace, while it un-
mistakably shows its political
power in the third.

The Unwed Immigrant English
Mother and the Mysterious
Part Played in Her Life by
Her Knightly American
Friend—One of the most un-
usual stories known put out
of the World War.

An Outraged Wife Re-
morselessly Avenged Herself
for Being Husband's Lawless
Love—After 13 years, during
which his romance has turned to
ashes and freedom means
nothing to him, she grants the
divorce upon which he had
built a castle of dreams.

Thrilling True Stories of Crime
Detection From Scotland
Yard—Told by the man who
ought to know most about the
secrets of famous British police
organization. As intricate as
Sherlock Holmes—and these
adventures really happened.

Time's Cruel Mockery of Two
Famous Beauties—One has
been a titled belle of society
at Washington, D. C. and now
in exile, earns her daily bread
as a seamstress. The other
was a queen of the stage, be-
loved and feted. Recently she
has been put on parole by a
police court.

Order Your Copy Today

PROSPECT OF BATTLE WITH REPUBLICANS QUICKENS PULSES, WILSON WRITES

By the Associated Press.

ATLANTA, Ga., Dec. 2.—FORMER President Woodrow Wilson declared his "pulses are quickened by the prospect of battle," in a letter to Frank G. Heaton of the Tampa Tribune, made public last night.

The task of 1924, the letter said, "is to so mobilize our intellectual and moral forces as to assure a complete defeat of the party which has done the coun-

try so serious damage and to
win again for our Government
the leadership in the affairs of

the world which the Republicans
for the time being have deprived
it and personally I feel confident
this can and will be done. My
pulses are quickened by the

prospect of battle.

"I think with you that the
voters of the country have al-
ready seen how grossly they were
misled and have already turned
their faces toward the truth."

Stage of the

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Week's Weather Outlook.

By the Associated Press.

DETROIT, Dec. 2.—Mayor Couzens may decide to remain as chief executive of the city, despite his acceptance of the Senate appointment, some of his friends here declared yesterday. They said that there were no laws to prevent Couzens holding both positions, should he decide to do so. Prominent Detroit lawyers agreed with this opinion.

UNIVERSITY STUDENTS GREET FORMER PREMIER; HE KISSES GIRL STUDENT

School Children Wave Flags Along Line of Pro-
cession—Troops Reviewed in
Twelfth Boulevard.

Georges Clemenceau, wartime Pre-
mier of France, was brought in a

military and automobile procession
through the West End residence and
downtown business districts today

about noon, preliminary to a formal
address, his fourth in America, in

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DISCRIMINATION BY MELLON IN TAXES, PROGRESSIVE SAYS

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The Committee on Resolutions was headed by Frederic G. Howe, former Immigration Commissioner at New York. Other members include Andrew Furuseth, president of the International Seamen's Union; Grenville McFarland, Boston; Herbert F. Baker, president of the Farmers' National Council; Miss Elizabeth Hauser, secretary of the National League of Women Voters; Amos Pinchot of New York; Senator Sheppard of Texas; Representative Huddleston of Alabama; Representative John M. Nelson of Wisconsin; George L. Berry, president of the Freemasons' Union; P. H. Calahan, Louisville; William H. Johnston of the International Machinists' Union; D. R. Robinson of the Firemen's and Engineers' Brotherhood, and Miss Ethel Smith of the Women's Trade Union League.

A special committee to draft separate resolutions declaring for a national movement for direct primaries was headed by former Representative Keating of Colorado. Other members included Warren S. Stone of the Locomotive Engineers' Brotherhood; Ben Marsh of the Farmers' National Council; George L. Record of New Jersey; Senator Ladd of North Dakota; Frank Morrison, secretary of the American Federation of Labor, and Howard Wuritzer, Cincinnati.

Charge Discrimination in Taxes.
Discrimination in favor of the rich taxpayer and profiteer was imputed by Secretary Mellon of the Treasury Department by Gov. Blaine of Wisconsin in his address at the conference.

In advocating removal of the secrecy ban upon income tax returns, Gov. Blaine attacked Secretary Mellon for his recent statements in correspondence with Representative Frear, Republican of Wisconsin, that the government could not reach corporations' undistributed surpluses which are the basis for stock dividends.

"Now, what Mr. Mellon meant when he said that the Government cannot collect taxes due from individuals and surtaxes on excess profits was that what the profiteers and millionaires do to escape the income and surtax is to make false returns," said Gov. Blaine, "sometimes through innocence, but often through deceit and fraud, or by legal devices and tricks of the trade."

Assault Secrecy of Tax.

Declaring that secrecy of income tax information was responsible for many frauds upon the Government and that publicists would only cure the situation, Gov. Blaine continued:

"We suppose Mr. Mellon would accuse the profiteers and the millionaires with the same vigor that he does the lesser criminals. Suppose

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ANCE ANDREW'S TRIAL IS OPENED AT ATHENS

of Former King Charged
With Disobeying Orders of
High Command.

Associated Press
ATHENS, Dec. 2.—A serious Greek
revolutionary outbreak has
broken out in Patras and Missolonghi,
the Gulf of Patras, in Western
Greece and on the island of Corfu.
The British flag is reported to
have been raised, as the result of
negotiations between the Greeks and
the British, who have sent a message received here
today.

Associated Press
ATHENS, Dec. 2.—The trial of
Prince Andrew on a charge of having
disobeyed orders from the
General Staff, thus contributing
to the military disaster in
Minor, began at 2 o'clock this
morning.

Prince Andrew, brother of former
Constantine, who commanded
the army in Asia Minor, has been
prisoner here since shortly after
the Greek disaster, on the charge
of disobeying orders of the
command.

See Officer "King of Greece,"
Said Kemal.

(Copyright 1922)
Dec. 2.—Prince Christopher of Greece and Princess Anastasia, formerly Mrs. William R. Barnes, waterways engineer, were ordered to advertise for bids on the Starvel Rock lock within 60 days. Next spring work will start on the project which will require three years to complete and which involves the expenditure of \$19,000,000.

With the waterway completion, the Governor said, fleets of barges can operate direct from Chicago to New Orleans, carrying manufactured articles and grain from the Great Lakes to the Gulf at a considerable saving over railroad freight rates, and bringing back sugar, coffee, rice, lumber and other Southern products or imports.

The captain, Barnes said, will automatically abolish the "Pittsburgh plus" differential on steel shipped

in the president knew the bank was insolvent.

Hohenschild, on cross-examination yesterday, was asked about a series of notes amounting \$7500, given by A. C. Flize, a tiling contractor, which were found in the bank after it was closed, and he said they were good and collectible, and grew out of the construction of the Ranelagh Apartments, built at a cost of \$500,000 by the McMealo Investment Co., in which J. W. McCarthy, Cashier A. O. Meisinger and Hohenschild were interested, the company's name being formed from their names.

Flize's Version of Deed.

Flize was not called as a witness, but a Post-Dispatch reporter saw him today and obtained his version of the transaction, which was as follows: The McMealo investment Co. had agreed to do the work in the Ranelagh Apartments, and advanced him sums, totaling about \$7500 to meet his payroll accounts while the work was in progress. When he submitted his bill, amounting to \$12,000, at the completion of the work, the \$7500 was deducted but the notes were not returned to him.

Summary of Testimony Presented by State Against Hohenschild.

Following is a summary of the testimony given by the State:

Hohenschild was told of a \$7500 shortage at 1:30 p. m. Jan. 6, several hours before the Cook deposit of \$140 was made.

Employees of the bank who witnessed the information were told to "keep still."

The St. Louis Clearing House Association was appealed to for financial aid to tide the Night and Day Bank through its dilemma.

The records of the bank were falsified to make it appear that approximately \$550,000 in "cash and cash items" was on hand, when, in reality, there was but \$100,000 in the bank's vault.

Accounts Were Jugged.

On another occasion the accounts were jugged so as falsely to credit the Night and Day Bank with \$600,000 in other banks.

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POINT WON IN THE HOHENSCHILD CASE BY EACH SIDE

Instruction That Failure of
Bank Is Prima Facie Evidence Given Over Protest
of Defense.

CASE TO GO TO THE JURY LATE TODAY

Defense Gains Specific In-
struction That Defendant
Must Have Had Knowl-
edge of Condition of Bank

Prosecution and defense each won a point in the instructions to the jury, read today by Circuit Judge Killen in the case of Henry H. Hohenschild, president of the defunct Night and Day Bank, charged with assenting to acceptance of demands on an insolvent institution.

An instruction strongly urged by the prosecution, that failure of a bank is prima facie evidence that the president knew the bank was insolvent, was read by the Court after it had been considered for several hours this morning; following arguments for and against the instruction last night.

An instruction read by the court, which had been urged by the defense, advised the jury that the defendant must have had actual knowledge of the condition of the bank if convicted under the indictment.

Burden Rests on State.

There was a point proving that Hohenschild had actual or guilty knowledge rests upon the State, the jury was instructed, and the mere fact that the bank was insolvent does not overcome the presumption of his innocence.

The jury was instructed to regard with caution the testimony given by witnesses, charged by the State with being accomplices, and that any circumstantial evidence of guilt to be worthy of consideration must form a complete chain and be absolutely inconsistent with any reasonable theory of innocence.

The penalty, in the event of conviction, the jury was told, is imprisonment in the penitentiary from two to five years.

Arguments by counsel followed the reading of the court's instructions. Each side was allowed two and one-half hours. The case will go to the jury late today.

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Following is a summary of the testimony given by the State:

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Employees of the bank who witnessed the information were told to "keep still."

The St. Louis Clearing House Association was appealed to for financial aid to tide the Night and Day Bank through its dilemma.

The records of the bank were falsified to make it appear that approximately \$550,000 in "cash and cash items" was on hand, when, in reality, there was but \$100,000 in the bank's vault.

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GOV. SMALL ORDERS THAT WORK ON GREAT LOCKS OF ILLINOIS WATERWAY PROCEED

Executive Approves Plans for Structures, Two of Which Are Larger Than Any in Panama Canal—Project to Cost \$19,000,000.

By the Associated Press.

LA SALLE, Ill., Dec. 2.—Standing in a rain-soaked cornfield under the shadow of Stark Rock, on the Illinois River, Gov. Len Small yesterday afternoon gave the order to proceed with construction of the connecting link between the Great Lakes and the Mississippi.

He approved the plans for the five great locks—two of them with greater widths than any lock in the Panama Canal—which will raise and lower ships and barges a total of 122 feet in the 60 miles between La Salle and Lockport.

Between locks the channel will have a minimum width of 150 feet at the mouth and 200 feet at the five locks, their width will be the same as that of the Panama Canal locks, while two will exceed the famous Gatun and Miraflores locks in their lifting capacity.

Dams and power houses at the five locks will generate 75,000 horsepower, Barnes stated yesterday, saving \$500,000 tons of coal, valued at \$3,000,000 annually. Because in the saving in transportation of coal, steel plants in the Chicago area have already announced their intention of owning and operating their own fleets of coal barges, the engineer said.

Construction of the waterway is in the hands of three engineers who designed and helped build the Panama Canal locks. Barnes, who was in charge of that work, also helped design the Poe lock at Sault Ste. Marie.

His assistants, W. M. Smith and L. D. Cornish, both helped design the Panama Canal locks, and Cornish assisted in building them.

The president knew the bank was insolvent.

Hohenschild, on cross-examination yesterday, was asked about a series of notes amounting \$7500, given by A. C. Flize, a tiling contractor, which were found in the bank after it was closed, and he said they were good and collectible, and grew out of the construction of the Ranelagh Apartments, built at a cost of \$500,000 by the McMealo Investment Co., in which J. W. McCarthy, Cashier A. O. Meisinger and Hohenschild were interested, the company's name being formed from their names.

Flize's Version of Deed.

Flize was not called as a witness, but a Post-Dispatch reporter saw him today and obtained his version of the transaction, which was as follows: The McMealo investment Co. had agreed to do the work in the Ranelagh Apartments, and advanced him sums, totaling about \$7500 to meet his payroll accounts while the work was in progress. When he submitted his bill, amounting to \$12,000, at the completion of the work, the \$7500 was deducted but the notes were not returned to him.

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SAYS HE WATCHED WHILE HUSBAND BURIED WIFE ALIVE

New York Welder Quoted as
Stating Taxi Driver Hit
Woman With Pipe and
Dragged Her to Grave.

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ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH
Founded by JOSEPH PULITZER
Dec. 12, 1878
Published by the Pulitzer Publishing
Company, Twelfth Boulevard
and Olive Street.

**THE POST-DISPATCH PLAT-
FORM.**

I know that my retirement will make no difference in its cardinal principles, that it will always fight for progress and democracy, never create injustice or corruption, always fight dishonesty of all parties, never belong to any party, always oppose privileged classes and public plunderers, never lack sympathy with the poor, always remain devoted to the public welfare, never be satisfied with merely printing news, always be drastically independent; never be afraid to attack wrong, whether by predatory plutocracy or predatory poverty.

JOSEPH PULITZER.

April 10, 1907.

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE

The name and address of the author must accompany every contribution, but on request will not be published. Letters not exceeding 200 words will receive preference.

What Clemenceau Wants.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.

CLEMENCEAU stated, what Clemenceau wants us to do is to help France keep things "as is." If the status quo were absolutely just and perfect, this request might seem reasonable; since it is neither just nor perfect, ought America to pledge its man power and its money to maintain things in Europe as they are? Clemenceau says France is content to carry out the terms of the Versailles treaty, but that Germany is teaching her children to hate that treaty and to try to upset it. This, of course, is the exact truth, but how could it be otherwise? In 1871 Germany was content to live up to the Treaty of Frankfort, and complained that France was teaching her children to hate that treaty and some day to upset it. The treaty of Frankfort sliced two provinces from the outer edge of France; the treaty of Versailles took from Germany a slice of territory right out of her very heart. The Danzig Corridor runs through Prussia as a spear might be run through the body of a man, so that a German living in East Prussia can not visit Berlin, his country's capital, without passing across foreign soil. Were the victor in a war against America to appropriate the State of Connecticut, so that a New York could not visit Boston without crossing another's territory, how long would we stand such an arrangement? Of course, no longer than weakness compelled us to stand it.

Germany will no more rest under the Versailles treaty than France rested under the treaty of Frankfort. She will seek alliances, as France sought them after 1871, and she will find them. Defeated, ostracized nations flock together. Already there are signs of Russia and Germany getting together. Clemenceau is only too right when he foretells another war. Whether it would have been possible in 1919 to make a peace so just that Germany rest would have tried to keep the armistice in an ad interim question. What is certain is that the peace which was made is not regarded as just peace by any section of Germany, thought consequently it is not surprising to learn from Clemenceau that stores of secret arms have been found in Germany, that the children there are being taught to work for a reversal of the 1919 verdict and that overtures are being made to the Bolsheviks of Russia. It would be surprising not to find these things. Germany did the same thing after she was crushed by Napoleon at Jena; France did the same thing after Sedan in 1871; every defeated nation will work along these lines, if the peace imposed upon it is, in its opinion, morally unjust and economically or politically destructive.

Clemenceau is performing a service in helping America see and understand the grim realities of the present world situation, but he is far from clear-headed. He urges America to jump into Europe's maelstrom and sacrifice our blood and our treasure in order to perpetuate conditions as prescribed by the Treaty of Versailles. The more those conditions are understood, the more will thoughtful Americans think they should be changed, rather than perpetuated. Certainly, it is not America's business to help France keep that spear head through Prussia at Danzig. We need not hold no brief for Germany, we may admit that Germany should have done to atoms to the uttermost for the monstrous wrong she committed in 1914, and still refuse to approve, much less to help perpetuate, some of the terms of the Versailles treaty.

In several vital respects the Versailles treaty violates the principles laid down by President Wilson in his "peace without victory" address to the Senate in January, 1917, and Wilson was absolutely right when he declared that those principles can not be violated if peace is to endure.

LEE MERIWETHER.

For the Saturday Half-Holiday.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.
WHY is it some firms are so much more generous and humane than others? Why do not all of them let their help off on Saturday afternoons to attend to their own business affairs and get a little rest? Do they ever stop to think that we get only 52 days rest out of the year and work 313 days?

Everybody should have two days rest out of every seven, but we should be very glad to get even one and a half days, and everybody, I am sure, would rather work from 7 a. m. to 7 p. m. Friday if they could get off on Saturday at 1 o'clock. Employers would save in overhead expenses, too. WESTMINSTER.

Gas Consumers Need a Spokesman.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.
A PROPOS of your very able editorial in the issue of Nov. 21, "None to Speak for the City," it appears to "a man up a tree" as if our only witness in the gas inquiry might be at least more vigorous in behalf of the people. It appears also that the city is not very able or energetically represented by the new City Commissioner. These thoughts are engendered by the remembrance of a bill of \$25 for gas consumed in one month last winter in an eight-room house.

E. L. WOODWARD.

DIVIDENDS ON "WATER."

The Public Service Commission says the Lacled Gas Co. earned a return for surplus and common stock during the first seven months of the present year of 6.87 per cent. But what is the common stock of the Lacled company?

The plan is inherently faulty. It ought to be discarded. If cities cannot be trusted to manage their own police departments, as is still contended by some of the delegates to the Constitutional Convention, an ample safeguard can be had in reserving to the Governor the right of removing a Commissioner upon proof of unfitness or substantial complaint.

The police should be taken out of politics and kept out of politics.

FREEING THE "REDS."

It is gratifying to discover one public official who realizes that the war is over. The action of Gov. Small of Illinois in commuting the sentences of William B. Lloyd and six other radicals serving terms under the State antisocialism law was more than a gracious holiday gesture; it was a timely rebuke to prosecutors and courts who persist in employing wartime legislation in hounding persons holding radically different political and economic views.

Neither the United States nor any State has any just use for an "antisocialism" law in peace time. The United States, and all the states, have adequate statutes for the punishment of individuals who commit overt acts against public peace and security. An antisocialism law can have no object in peace times except the persecution of persons for their opinions, and that is precisely how such laws are employed. The principle of such legislation was imported from Europe, where corrupt and despotic monarchies found it useful in suppressing the aspirations of the people. It has no place in the life or jurisprudence of the United States, where every idea, no matter how foolish, is entitled to its day at the bar of public opinion.

Long after the countries of Europe, with their millions of war dead, have liberated and forgotten their political prisoners, our Government keeps ours behind the bars, and notoriety-seeking prosecutors and peace officers seek to fatten their political prestige by staging theatrical "red" hunts. President Harding should hasten to extend toward Leavenworth the hand of clemency—and justice—which Gov. Small has extended toward Joliet.

REMEMBER THE SICK POOR.

St. Louisans have an opportunity today and tomorrow to show their appreciation of a charity that has deserved uncommonly well of them. There are few more appealing objects of benevolence than the sick poor, but aside from that, the Hospital Saturday and Sunday Association has established a record of economy in administration that is quite remarkable.

The cost of making the collection is practically nothing. For the most part, it is the work of large-hearted women and girls. The necessary clerical and postal expenditure has been held down to the irreducible minimum, and in consequence the amount actually available for the sick poor has been held at a maximum. In fact, all but an insignificant percentage reaches those for whom it was intended. Collection is made easy and convenient by the presence of boxes and collectors downtown today, and by church collections tomorrow. Here, truly, is a cause to which each of us should give his bit.

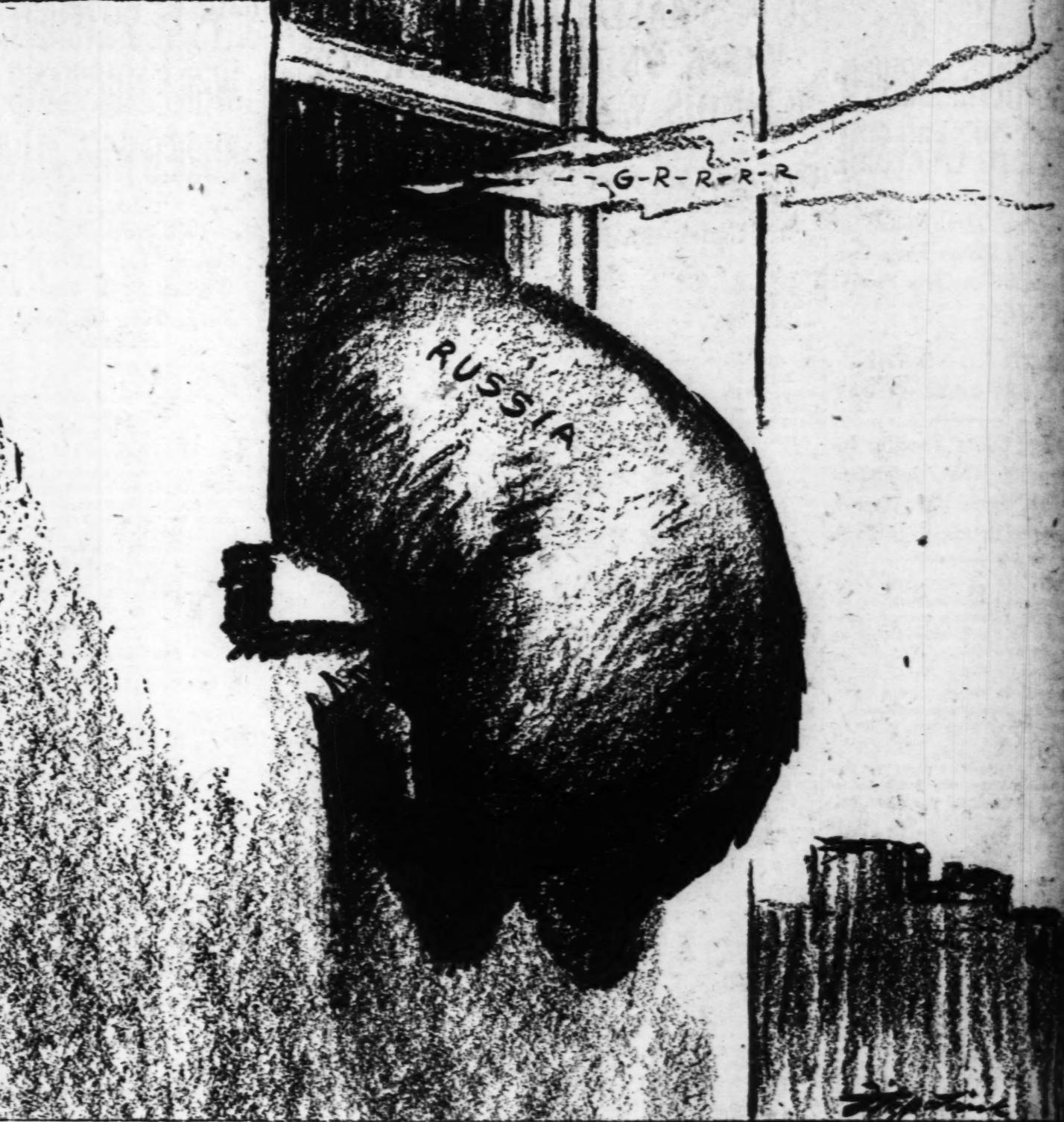
NO GAME PROTECTION.

Missouri has an enviable reputation among sportsmen because of the non-enforcement of its game and fish laws. Resolutions adopted by the Missouri Division of the Izak Walton League of America recite a sorry condition of affairs. Deputy Game Wardens, it is alleged, are mere political appointees who in many instances are either out of sympathy with the laws or indolently refuse to perform their duties. Many of those deputies, it is asserted, have never made an arrest.

"Whole sections of Missouri show absolutely no evidence of game and fish protection, as far as deputy activity is concerned," the resolutions charge. A peremptory demand for a change is made. The Game and Fish Department, it is submitted, should acquaint the public with what it is doing, how it is expending the money provided for its maintenance, and the record of Deputy Wardens should be included in the department's report.

The resolutions are severe. If true, the Game and Fish Department is negligent and the Commissioner ought to adopt a vigilant policy or a successor should be found who will. Our game and fish laws ought to be enforced; they can be enforced by deputies of ordinary energy. If such deputies cannot be found, then the Game and Fish Department should be abolished and the tax upon sportsmen in the shape of hunters' licenses should be discontinued. The State has no right to dip into the pockets of sportsmen, in the name of game protection, but really to provide sinecures for small-change politicians.

HIS GUIDING STAR.
(From the New York World.)



ANOTHER OBSERVER AT LAUSANNE.

JUST A MINUTE

Written for the POST-DISPATCH
By Clark McAdams

PANETELA.

YES. Luella.
McAdams
Has a fine
And early start;
Thus the wily
Politician
Shows us something
Of his art.
While the others
Weakly falter,
Thinking it
Is scarcely dawn.
Lo, the sleepless
McAdams
Cops the bacon
And is gone!

Once upon a time,
My dears,
When the gods
Were hardly won.
Nothing altered
McAdams's
Resolution
Not to run.
Whatev'er
Aid and backing
Still but found him
Disinclined.
From which it
By this is patent
What he must
Have had in mind.

Thus a new
And more propitious
Season finds him
Quite intact;
In the late
Laundry shindy
Neither ore
Of him was blacked.
All unprejudiced
By failure.
Like a new shirt
From the store.
Presto, ha.
Our McAdams.
Stands for 1924!

Will he win.
My sweet Luella?
It is difficult
To say;
Really,
It seems the matter
Is so awful
Far away.
All the same.
If McAdams
Thinks it time
To start the ball,
Let us not
Forget his wisdom
When he wouldn't
Play at all.

Thus does Wisdom
Choose her moment
And destroy
The passing chance;
No one yet
Found McAdams
In the masses
Of a trance.
In his calm,
Uncloaked vision
Lingers naught
To dim the sun.
Wherefore it
is not surprising
That he is
Beat the gun.

Mr. Ponzi acts as his own lawyer. That's a little more like it for a way to get rich—Detroit News.

**The MIRROR of
PUBLIC OPINION**

COST OF SMOKE IN CITIES.

FLOYD W. PARSONS in the World's Work.

THE cost of smoke in cities like Pittsburgh, Cincinnati, Cleveland, Chicago and St. Louis amounts to about \$1.40 per ton of coal burned. While this estimate takes into account laundry bill damage to exterior painting and metal-work, injury to household furnishings, depreciation of merchandise in commercial establishments, and the added cost of using more artificial lighting, no attempt has been made to include in the estimate the cost of such items as depreciation in the value of property, compulsory absence of certain industries, injury to health, impaired mental efficiency, etc. Smoke costs London \$30,000,000 annually, Chicago \$11,000,000, Cleveland \$8,000,000, Cincinnati \$7,000,000, and other cities in proportion. Each person breathes about 2000 gallons of air every 24 hours, or about 24 pounds in weight, as contrasted with a daily intake of less than six pounds of liquid and solid foods. It is evident, therefore, that the cost of the air exhaled by each individual daily is more than six times the weight of daily intake of food and water combined. Of all the factors that contaminate the atmosphere of our cities and towns, smoke is far the greatest source of pollution. Our negligence in handling this problem will stand forth in coming times as a proof of our inconsistency and the lop-sided character of our Twentieth Century civilization.

THE LAUSANNE CONFERENCE.

From the Brooklyn Eagle.

TO all appearances the Lausanne Conference is moving along smoothly. The demand of the Turks for a plebiscite in Western Thrace has been denied without causing an upset, and Bulgaria, probably to her own surprise, has been assured an outlet up the Aegean. The Turks after raising the question of American participation in the conference, through observers now welcome our representatives. Surely no one could ask for a better start in settling the vital issues before the Lausanne gathering. If there is an underrun of doubt, it springs from the fact that things are not always as they seem, and some of the aspects presented at the conference at the moment are highly suggestive. Why, one may ask, should the Powers so early in the year give their attention to Bulgaria's claims?

THE DODECANESE ISLANDS.

From the New York Evening Post.

LYING off the coast of Asia Minor are a group of islands called the Dodecanese. Although these islands are of little value in themselves, they hold a commanding position in the Aegean Sea and have therefore been an object of interest to many. Up to the Turkish-Italian war of 1911 they were under Turkish rule, but since then they have been occupied by Italy, pending Turkey's fulfillment of her treaty obligations. In the famous treaty of London of 1913 the allies promised Italy that she could annex these islands at the end of the war. This promise was a flagrant violation of the principle of nationality, since the Dodecanese are inhabited entirely by Greeks. After the vigorous protest of Greece, the Venizelos-Tittoni agreement was signed in July, 1920, in which Italy promised to cede these islands to Greece, with the exception of Rhodes, as soon as the Turkish settlement became effective. But in order to satisfy the legal proprieties and to prove that the Treaty of London was not a "scrap of paper," the allies solemnly ceded the Dodecanese Islands to Italy in the treaty of Sevres of August 1920. At that time Italy reiterated its intention of turning them over to Greece. With the collapse of the Turkish settlement Italy has seen fit to denounce the Venizelos-Tittoni agreement and apparently plans to annex these islands outside of Greece, to further helplessness in Asia Minor and Thrace, is further humiliated by an "ally" who refuses to surrender territory unmistakably Greek. If this spirit rules the Lausanne conference there can be little hope for a lasting settlement in the Near East.

**It Seems
to Me**

NEW YORK.—Carl Sandburg's "Hoobabaga Stories" is a distillation to the list of books for children. The stories with their fairy stories, from our point of view, are that they are too cruel and moral. All the older writers have written in thinking stories horrible enough for wicked princesses and the old wives. They characters are invariably punished for cause, but we don't want H. third to get the notion that morality is something designed to make people uncomfortable. Stories, much of it is, but there is a lot of burning tar and all that, but he doesn't mind. Recently he has been talking a lot about courage him. We told him, quite truthfully, we believe, that there are no such things. He stood up and explained that he had seen tigers of them. "Where?" we asked. "In the drug store," he answered. We wish he wouldn't take the Photo advertisements so literally, of course, there was no way of convincing him that the pictures were really a flight of artistic imagination. To him a picture is absolute proof.

As a matter of fact, the things which happen to the old witch in the stories bother us a good deal more than they do him. We have to read about people being dropped into pits of burning tar and all that, but he doesn't mind. Recently he has been talking a lot about courage him. We told him, quite truthfully, we believe, that there are no such things. He stood up and explained that he had seen tigers of them. "Where?" we asked. "In the drug store," he answered. We wish he wouldn't take the Photo advertisements so literally, of course, there was no way of convincing him that the pictures were really a flight of artistic imagination. To him a picture is absolute proof.

We don't know just what he is going to think of the world he sees in a production by Gordon Craig. Already he has seen enough dramatic films to have the most fantastic notion of what goes on in life round about him. Still, the comedies do spare the lives of people they toss about. Perhaps they are not such a bad influence. Like the "Fannies" in the Sun papers, they do stress the fundamental toughness of human life. On such a course of training an impressionable youngster might grow up to be a Princeton football player and live to win a game in the minutes of play.

But the fairy stories mask people as well as distract them. They are so casual about death that we have a little shudder. After we want to protect some of our fears and our illusions. Some of my best friends are savages and they haven't a thing to do. They didn't chop head off or eat me."

He continued to look incredulously around with savages all the time," we continued, despondently. "The office is just filled with the savages," he said. "H. third looked at us scornfully and cut off our attempt to speak in a clear, clean world. "I just lyin,'" he said.

If he does grow up a real will only himself to blame.

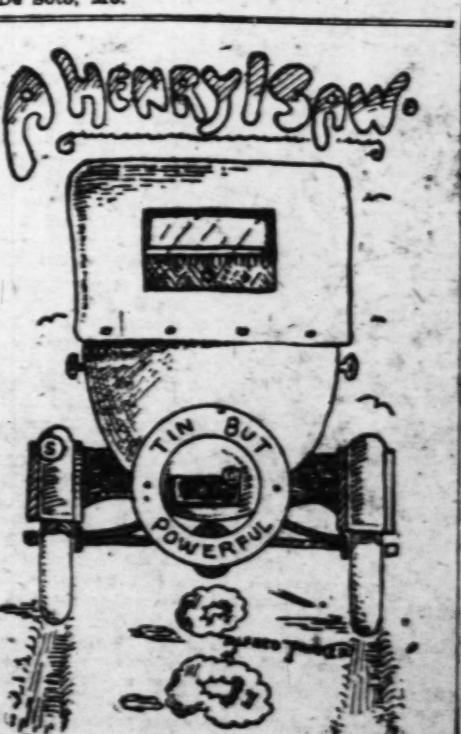
Alice Meynell, who died the day, was not known to any following in this country, but there are a number of Americans who were vitally affected by her.

"In 1912," writes Mrs. Grant Richards published in my first book. It was a collection of first poems. Most of them were written after I was 17 and before I was 21. It was a very honest effort for me because it brought me among many comforting views of my work," a letter Alice Meynell.

"Any one who is interested in early literature knows the eminence of Mrs. Meynell in modern literature. Also, the person who has seen her sitting by her fire at the end long, delightful narrow room in flat in London, known in what sense she is held by her family and friends and anyone who has spoken to her at all. Early last summer she went back to the country. She was then. There were many of us about; several members of family and a few friends were there.

"She seemed so fragile that her constant concern for her health beyond this impression of physical fragility there was something that made all other people had ever known seem earthbound and heavy. In her hand a long, invisible lantern at the far end where among the stars. I saw that I was drinking rather than eating. Of all the great Italian writers I have known, Mrs. Meynell's presence, only it was a spiritual clairvoyance, instead of physical beauty, instead of physical strength, instead of physical merit.

"Of the beauty and merit of



A SURPRISE
Seven-O-Seve

*It Seems
to Me**The Conning
Tower*

NEW YORK—Carl Sandburg's "Hobabaga Stories" is a distinct contribution to the list of books for children. The trouble with most fairy stories, from our point of view, is that they are too cruel and too moral. All the older writers take an evident delight in thinking up tortures horrible enough for the wicked princesses and the old witches. These characters are invariably punished for cause, but we don't want H. third to get the notion that morality is something designed to make people uncomfortable. Of course, much of it is, but the H. third grows up the world may be very different. Perhaps our own sort of world will be so dead in 15 or 20 years that he won't even have to bother knowing anything about it. To be sure, this is a hope and not a prediction.

As a matter of fact, the things which happen to the old witch in the stories bother us a good deal more than they do him. We hate to read about people being dropped into pits of boiling tar and all that. But he doesn't mind. Recently H. third has been talking a lot about devils, and we have tried to encourage him. We told him, quite truthfully, we believe, that there are such things. He stood us down and explained that he had seen pictures of them. "Where?" we asked. "In the drug store," he answered. We wish he wouldn't take those Photo advertisements so literally. Of course, there was no way of convincing him that the pictures were merely a flight of artistic imagination. To him a picture is absolute proof of reality.

We don't know just what he is going to think of the world the first time he sees it production by God or Devil. Already he has seen enough comic films to have the most fantastic notion of what goes on in life around him. Still, the film comedies do spare the lives of the people they toss about. Perhaps they are not such a bad influence. Like the "Funnies" in the Sunday papers, they do stress the fundamental toughness of human fiber. On such a course of training an impressionable youngster might grow up to be a Princeton football player and live to win a game in the last minute of play.

But the fairy stories mask people as well as mislead them. They are as causal about death that we find them a little shocking. After all, we want to preserve some of our fears and our illusions. We don't want to be sophisticated as a 4-year-old child.

It was a romantic robbery in Missouri. Six bandits blew open the vaults of the First National Bank of Gallatin, got a few thousand dollars in cash and some registered notes, and rode away in an automobile. The First National Bank was established in 1888, so probably it is not the Gallatin bank that Frank and Jesse James in 1869, robbed. You may remember the action, in one of the few great American ballads: He and his brother, Frank, they robbed the Gallatin bank.

And held up the Danville train; But the dirty little coward that shot Mr. Howard

Has laid poor Jesse in his grave.

Among the things we can't understand is why some bartonite, in his search for singable stuff, doesn't include a bunch of those songs in his program. They are as close to American folksongs as the Negro spirituals.

Ca Passe.

Sir: Why was I born a little out of time for everything? Here am I out of college and here comes Dr. Couse. Think of taking an examination without the sure conviction that all you have to do is to keep saying, as you write, "ca passe," "ca passe."

He continued to look incredulous.

"I am around with savages all the time," we continued, desperately. "The office is just filled with them."

H. third looked at us scornfully and cut off our attempt to offer him a nice clean world. "You're just lying," he said.

If he does grow up a realist, he will only himself to blame.

Allie Meynell, who died the other day, was not known to any large following in this country, but there are a number of American poets who were vitally affected by her work.

In 1912," writes Zora Akins, "Grant Richards published in London my first book. It was called 'Interpretations,' and it was a book of first poems. Most of them had been written after I was 17 and before I was 21. It was a very happy event for me because it brought me, among many comforting reviews of my work, a letter from Allie Meynell.

"Any one who is interested in literature knows the curious admittance of Mrs. Meynell in modern literature. Also, those who know her personally, who have seen her, sitting by her side at the end of a long night in some room in her flat in London, know what is remarkable about her. She is held by her family, her friends and anyone who has seen her to her at all. Early last summer I saw her when she had just come back from the country. She was not well then. There were many flowers about; several members of her family and a few friends were there.

"She seemed so fragile that one felt a constant concern for her, but beyond this impression of physical fragility there was something about her that made all other people we had ever known seem earthbound. I remember thinking that she carried in her hand a long, invisible pole with a lantern at the far end home-ward among the stars. I suppose that I was thinking rather fanatically of one of those eerie Japanese lanterns swaying on a long pole in a dancer's hand. I have met people so beautiful and so graceful physically that they made one feel clumsy and a little ridiculous—all hands and feet and wrong proportions. In Allie Meynell, and one had a similar sensation in Mrs. Meynell's presence, only it was a sense of spiritual cleanliness of spirit, unworldliness, instead of physical. She came to America once, some years ago. I understand, and both she and her husband were among the few English people I've ever met who unreservedly and enthusiastically liked America and Americans.

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IMPEACHMENT OF DAUGHERTY ASKED FOR ON 14 GROUNDS

Statement Setting Forth Specific Charges Submitted to House Judiciary Committee by Keller.

CHIEF JUSTICE TAFT NAMED AS WITNESS

Refusal and Neglect to Enforce Antitrust Laws Placed First in Grouping of Complaints.

By the Associated Press.
WASHINGTON, Dec. 2.—Detailed charges by Representative Keller, Republican, Minnesota, on which he seeks impeachment of Attorney-General Daugherty, were considered informally today by members of the House Judiciary Committee, to which they were presented late yesterday. Desiring to obtain the views of members as to the procedure next week, Chairman of the subcommittee summoned committeemen for discussion of Keller's bill of particulars, but less than a quorum reported. Voelsted declined to comment on the charges, beyond saying they would be given full consideration. There was no intimation as to whether the committee would go ahead with the hearing Monday, its date originally set.

Transmitted to the committee late yesterday, Keller's statement was accompanied by a letter to Chairman Voelsted in which he declared the specifications "set out and laid down" by Daugherty in his conduct in office, and "misconduct in office," and of "high crimes and misdemeanors in 14 particulars."

If any of the grounds set forth "can be said to be more important than any other," Keller said in his statement, it is that group relating to the "refusal and neglect of the said Harry M. Daugherty to enforce the antitrust laws of the United States of America."

Tatf Named as Witness.

Alleging as another that the Attorney-General had appointed "untrustworthy, corrupt and dangerous men" to high office, Keller named Chief Justice Taft as a witness to be called in support of this particular allegation, with George W. Wickensham, former Attorney-General; Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, and Guy Oster, Gompers' secretary, as other deposed witnesses in this connection.

Another specification alleged against the Attorney-General by the Minnesota Representative was that he had practiced "fraud and deceit" on Taft while President to obtain the release from prison of Charles W. Morse, and that because of Morse's failure to pay to Daugherty's associates the pardon proceedings had agreed for he had "prosecuted" the office of Attorney-General for "purposes of personal revenge" by securing indictment of Morse.

14 Charges Summarized.

Briefly summarized, the "14 particulars" are as follows:

1. A willful and deliberate attempt to paralyze and destroy the efforts and activities of the Federal Trade Commission in its attempts to suppress and punish violations of the antitrust laws; by continued and deliberate refusal to prosecute such violations.

2. A willful and deliberate refusal to prosecute the violations of the antitrust laws that were called to his attention, supported by testimony taken under oath by the New York State Joint Legislation Committee on Housing.

3. A willful and deliberate refusal to prosecute the violations of the antitrust laws that were called to his attention, supported by testimony and evidence, by the United States Senate Committee on Reconstruction and Housing.

4. A willful and deliberate failure and refusal to enforce the statutes of the United States passed by Congress for the protection of life and limb of citizens engaged in travel.

Dismissal of Employees.

5. The dismissal from service in the Department of Justice of a faithful and efficient employee who had been engaged in investigating what was fraud case.

6. Allowing persons to remain in the employ of the Department of Justice after it had been proved that such persons were guilty of having accepted fees to represent those charged by the Department of Justice with violations of the Federal statutes in cases upon which the said employee had been engaged.

7. The perversion of the legal process of the United States for the purpose of instituting action for which there was no justification at the time of its presentation and the demanding from the courts as a privilege individual processes of court subversive of those rights of freedom of speech, freedom of the press and peaceful assembly as secured by the Constitution and laws of the United States.

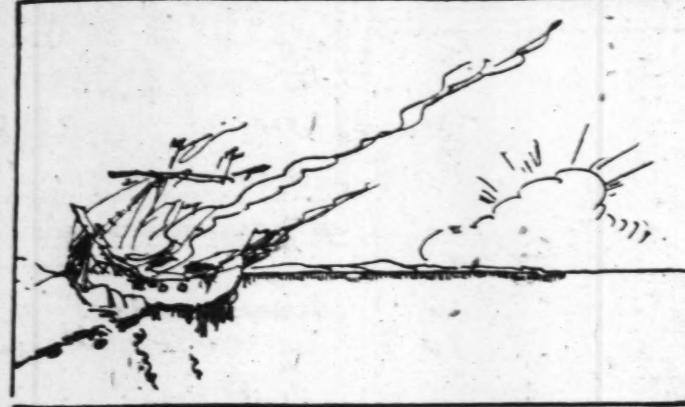
Hold Favoritism Charged.

8. Flagrant and bold favoritism in the administration of justice, on behalf of corporations, companies and individuals owned or controlled by or affiliated with the bank house of J. P. Morgan & Co.

9. Use of fraud and deceit practiced upon former President Wil-

AMERICAN HISTORY FOR AMERICAN CHILDREN

How a Band of Colonists Burned an English Ship Which Had Been on Patrol to Stop Smuggling.



Colonists Burned the British Ship.

By HENDRICK VAN LOON,
Author of "The Story of Mankind."
(Copyright, 1922.)

THE armed forces of His Majesty continued to suppress smuggling and the unarmed but energetic forces of His Majesty's most obedient subjects in the colonies across the ocean continued to smuggle as hard as favorable winds and comfortable ties would allow them. Out of this game of hide-and-seek trouble was bound to ensue.

It was the year of grace 1772 and the demand for contraband Cuban gin was great from the Carolinas to Maine. Behold the good frigate "Gaspee" busily patrolling the coast of Narragansett Bay. And behold an evil wind which blew that good ship upon the shore of this famous and fashionable bay. Next beheld the news of the stranded ship traveling far and wide among the humble folk whose business it was to delude the watchful observance of this tiny little vessel. Then imagine a night as dark as pitch and a crew of lusty volunteers from the town of Providence getting ready for action.

Of what followed we know very little. Not one of the participants in the affair squealed, however hard His Majesty's law officers pressed him. But we are familiar with the main facts. At an early hour of the morning the British man-of-war was approached by an armed band of colonists. The sleepy crew was overpowered. Both officers and men were forced to go ashore. And when the sun appeared above the horizon the smoking remains of the stranded ship showed the nature of the task upon which those volunteers had so merrily set out a few hours before.

Then there was great commotion. The forces of law and order got busy. People were arrested and people were interrogated and no one knew or was able to tell the name of his guilty neighbor. A special royal commission sent to Rhode Island to investigate the scandalous affair could discover nothing at all. And it is doubtful whether any jury in the land would have declared a man guilty because he had merely set fire to a ship of His Majesty's most unpopular coast guard. And so nothing was done.

But among the colonists the appointment of this special royal commission had created great fear and had caused deep apprehension. "This," so the American said, "is but the beginning of a general system of royal tyranny." And the house of Burgesses of the loyal colony of Virginia suggested the formation of a standing committee for correspondence that the different colonies along the Atlantic seaboard might take common action against further aggression on the part of the British Government. The committee was duly appointed and the colonies which thus far had acted as independent little communities now possessed an unofficial central body which watched over their fate and acted as the common agent of their mutual interests.

(To Be Continued.)

Readers who clip and preserve these articles will have a splendid collection of historical facts. Valuable for reference or for supplementing the study of history by children.

Ham Howard Taft in order to obtain the release from a Federal penitentiary of C. W. Morse, under the terms of which Morse was ill; upon the failure of the said Morse to pay to his attorney in the pardon proceedings an agreed fee, and after the said Daugherty became Attorney-General of the United States, the refusal to prosecute war grafters, failure and refusal to recover monies stolen from the Treasury of the United States in connection with war frauds.

W. J. Burns Involved.

The reasons why Keller desired to have Chief Justice Taft and Wickensham testify were set forth in his bill of particulars. He cited the case of William N. Jones, convicted in 1907 for alleged land frauds against the Government in Oregon and subsequently pardoned by President Taft. He alleged that William J. Purse, now chief of the Bureau of Investigation in the Department of Justice and then unswayed by the Government, "got possession in advance" of the prospective jurors who were to be called in the trial of Jones, and placed opposite their names a notation as to their so-called fitness from a prosecuting standpoint.

Demands Access to Records.

Keller said it would require at least a month additional time for him to prepare full particulars in his case, and that most of this time would be taken up in examining documents at the Department of Justice to which he demanded he be given access.

Declares He Had Evidence to Prove That Harry M. Daugherty Is Unfit to Be Attorney-General of the United States.

Keller said Daugherty's "consistently refusal to prosecute" of the antitrust laws had become a "public scandal."

"Reverting to your extraordinary demands that I furnish names and addresses of witnesses on whom I rely to support my charge," Keller said, "I assume you do not thereby intend to limit me to the calling of witnesses who are named. However, apart from that consideration, I respectfully and emphatically protest against being compelled to comply with this demand and beg to advise you that I shall refuse to do except in the particular I and my advisors regard it as safe for me to obey."

Keller said he had no objection to furnishing the names of Chief Justice Taft, Gompers, Wickensham and Oster, but that "in general I do not propose to have the witnesses subject to the surveillance of the detective bureau of the Department of Justice under the guidance of Burns or of Burns' private agency, especially in view of the character of the charges made against the Attorney-General involving Burns."

"Nor do I propose," he said, "that witnesses shall be terrorized, browbeaten, driven or coerced, or inveigled out of the jurisdiction."

Some Appointees Attacked.

10. The perversion of the processes of justice and the administration of the Department of Justice through the undue influence exercised upon the Attorney-General by one Thomas B. Feller, former legal advisor to the said Harry M. Daugherty in the Morse case and others.

11. Continuing submission to the influence of corporations and individuals of great wealth and power in the administration of justice and the deliberate conniving at the looting of one of the naval oil reserves of the United States of America by refusing at the behest and demand of the Standard Oil Co. of California, to institute suits to recover for the people of the United States title to lands illegally and fraudulently obtained by the said company; and the recommendations of the President and the deliberate conniving at the looting of the naval oil reserves of the United States of America by refusing at the time of its presentation and the demanding from the courts as a privilege individual processes of court subversive of those rights of freedom of speech, freedom of the press and peaceful assembly as secured by the Constitution and laws of the United States.

Hold Favoritism Charged.

12. Flagrant and bold favoritism in the administration of justice, on behalf of corporations, companies and individuals owned or controlled by or affiliated with the bank house of J. P. Morgan & Co.

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At 9:40, 10:40, 11:40;
12:40, 1:40, 2:40, 3:40

Broadcasting of the opening prices and closing quotations of the St. Louis grain market, live stock quotations supplied by Market News Service, cotton market, Liverpool and New York cotton market; New York stocks and market; metals market; foreign and butter market; metals market; U. S. official weather reports and forecasts and news bulletins.

8 P. M.—400 Meters

Special program of music, short addresses and other features. Broadcast daily in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

Saturday—2 P. M.
Broadcasting of the address of former French premier Clemenceau at the Odéon.

Saturday—8 P. M.
Concert by Mabel Pierce Meisenbach, soprano; Dr. A. E. Meisenbach, tenor; Edward M. Ward, violinist; Anna Craig Bates and Mrs. Frank Habig, accompanists.

Address by Hugh B. Werner.

1—Tenor: Paradis Sorti, from "L'Africaine"; Star, from "Openhain"; Star, "Little Gift of Roses"; Rogers, Dr. A. E. Meisenbach

2—Soprano:
(a) Invocation to the Sun-God, "Ode à l'Orage," Trover
(b) "Song of Water, Ocean," "Golden Rose," "Freehey"
(c) By the Waters of Minnetonka," "Song of the White Birch," Violin Obligate by Master Edward Meisenbach

3—Address—Hugh B. Werner.

4—Duet: "Rayas," from "Home to Our Mountains," from "Tir Travaire," Mabel Pierce

Dr. A. E. Meisenbach

5—Violin:
(a) Intermezzo from "Cavalleria Rusticana," Maenzen
(b) Meditation from "Madame Butterfly," Mabel Pierce

Master Edward Meisenbach

6—Tenor:
(a) "Casta Diva," from "Norma," Donizetti
(b) "Beneath Thy Window" (O Sole Mio), Di Capua
(c) Little Mother of Burleigh
(d) Carols, Mattel

Dr. A. E. Meisenbach

7—Soprano:
(a) "Silver, Silver You," Smith
(b) "Wanderer," Mabel Pierce
(c) "Song of the Summer," from "Martha," Mabel Pierce

Mabel Pearce Meisenbach

8—Trio—
(a) "Duke of Yon," Dorothy Lee
(b) "A. E. Meisenbach, tenor; Edward Meisenbach, violinist; Mabel Pearce Meisenbach

Knabe Piano Used

Sunday—2:30 P. M.

Broadcasting the Elks' Memorial Service at Christ Church Cathedral.

Writing Hours—Special Notice

Because of almost continuous transmission of radio plant must be limited to the period between 8 and 10 a. m. and 12 noon. Broadcasts are underway in this hour, the transmission link is also closed to visitors. Call at reception room, second floor, Post-Dispatch building.

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Knabe Piano Used

Sunday—2:30 P. M.

DODGER'S VERDICT HOLDS
TWO BROTHERS FOR MURDER

Other Glambrom Brothers
Named as Accessories in Ambush
ing John Dipasquale.
A Coroner's jury today returned
verdict of homicide in the death
of John Dipasquale, 42 years old,
2 Carr street, holding Paul Glambrom,
32, 32 years old, and Nicholas
Glambrom, 33, of 1001 Biddle street,
in the crime, and naming as access-
ories two other brothers, Dominick
and Joseph, 26, of 1003 Biddle
street.

Dipasquale was shot six times last
Sunday night before a store oper-
ated by Dominick and Joseph Glambrom
at 1003 Biddle street. He died
in the city hospital Tuesday. His
daughter, Mrs. Rose Caleco, who
was with her parents, testified at
inquest that Dipasquale had told
her and Mrs. Dipasquale that Paul
Nicholas Glambrom shot him
according to the death-bed state-
ment Dipasquale is said to have
made, he had quarreled with the
Glambrom brothers over a poker
game in Paul Glambrom's store early
yesterday evening. When he passed
the store several hours later on his
way to get a bottle of milk, Paul
and Nicholas ambushed him, Mrs.
Glambrom charges.

The four Glambrom brothers deny
knowledge of the shooting.

four Browns Grabbing for Apple.
The Associated Press.
BAKERSFIELD, Cal., Dec. 2.—
A 14-months-old daughter of Mr.
and Mrs. A. Benner of Fellows was
brought yesterday when she fell into
a bucket of water in which she had
dipped an apple.

**Rallying Cry
of the "Dry's."**
By Wayne B. Wheeler,
chief spokesman for the
"Dry's" of the United
States—a scathing de-
nunciation of "Wet"
propaganda—really the
rallying cry of the
"Dry's."

**Ex-Secretary Lansing
Excoriates Ex-Kaiser**

—the most important
public utterance of the
former Secretary of
State since the publica-
tion of his book—illumi-
nating the Ex-Kaiser's
prevarications, paying
tribute to President
Wilson.

Vatican's World Policy

—*the Papal Policy, the
"Roman Question," and
other Vatican Acts ex-
plained in a brilliant artic-
le by the Executive
head of the Nat'l Catholic
Welfare Council.*

More than a dozen other arti-
cles of exceptional interest to
the men or women who seek
to be well informed—a whole
magazine crowded with infor-
mation—in

**Current History
Magazine**

Published by The New York Times Co.
Now on All News Stands—25c

**No more colds
—quick relief!**
Don't neglect it!
Stop that cough now with this
simple treatment that heals off
the development of serious ailments.
It sooths inflamed, tender
tissues, loosens hard-packed
phlegm and breaks the cold.
Now—stop that cough in time
—ask your druggist for

**DR. KING'S NEW
—a syrup for coughs & colds**

**Nothing acts like
ANALAX
the Fruity Laxative**

Keep Happy
You can be happy when your body is healthy. Your body will
be healthy when you free it of the
poisons generated by constipation.

**ANALAX is a mild laxative,
made in Nature's way. It is pleasant
to take, children love it. Acts
mildly but thoroughly. It should
be kept in every medicine chest
for the use of the entire family.**

**McKESSON & ROBBINS
NEW YORK, N.Y.**
Established 1839
ALAX is one of the approved hundred
drugs bearing the McKESSON trademark.

McK & R

**Something Different
Seven-O-Sevens
Olive**

Lee Fohl Signs Contract to Lead Browns in 1923

Manager Who Piloted St. Louis
to Within One Game of Flag
Will Try Again.

"A VOTE OF CONFIDENCE"

Reappointment Spikes Rumors
That Leader Was to Be
Given a "Greek Treat."

By J. Roy Stockton.
Leo Alexander Fohl, who piloted
the Browns to within one game of a
championship last year, this morn-
ing signed a contract to manage the
club again in 1923. Fohl's signature
was affixed to a contract after a con-
ference with Bob Quinn, business
manager, and Phil Ball, owner.

As first told in the home edition
of the Post-Dispatch yesterday, Fohl
arrived here from his home in Cleve-
land yesterday morning and his
presence here, as told, virtually re-
moved all doubt as to who would
manage the club. There had been
rumors that he was to be deposed
and several possible successors were
named by rumor mongers.

Fohl is considered one of the
smartest men in baseball. He is
without a superior as a judge of
young ball players and in the heat of
battle he displays keen judgment in
switching of pitchers that Mon-
day Yankee game notwithstanding.

Last spring, when the club was
training at Mobile he told the writer
that Hubert Pruetz, little left-hand-
er, was going to be a sensation in the
big leagues before the season closed.
Pruetz was a sensation.

Changed Pitchers Often.

During the 1922 campaign Fohl
changed pitchers during games more
than 50 times. The fact that the
team won more than 90 games and
finished one game out of first place
indicates how wisely he made his
changes. Despite this evidence of
good judgment there was a great
howl for Fohl's head when he re-
moved Dixie Davis in the Monday
game of the Yankee series. Fohl was
assisted in his decision by friends
before he had permitted Dixie to
linger and Cleveland had rallied in
the ninth inning, scored half a dozen
runs and turned an apparent
Brownie victory into a Cleveland
triumph.

But in that Yankee game the
breaks went the wrong way, the
Browns lost and the same persons
who criticize the Greeks for slicing
off the heads of a General and Cab-
inet members because of reverses in
the field, howled that because of
this one failure to guess right, Fohl
should be knocked for a row of
minor league goals.

Quinn May Travel With Team.

Bob Quinn, a baseball man of
keen perception and mature judg-
ment, was master of the situation
and wisely chose to retain Fohl. Phil
Ball, owner, put the question up to
Quinn and trusted his judgment.
And so Fohl was retained.

There will be the same board of
strategy this year, probably. Quinn
will aid Fohl. Last year there was
a conference every day after the
games at home and the fact that the
team had a far higher percentage
on the home lot than on the road
indicated how much Fohl profited
by Quinn's assistance.

It is probable that in 1923 Quinn
will travel with the club on import-
ant trips.

**KANSAS CITY BOWLER
LEADS IN ALL-EVENTS
OF MID-WEST TOURNAMENT**

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Dec. 2.—The
full schedule for the eighth day of the
Midwest Bowling tournament here
today offered the possibility of ad-
vances in leading scores. Eighty-one
teams and individuals were scheduled
to roll. Crack teams and well-known
bowlers were included in the pro-
gram. Teams from Des Moines,
Boone and Sioux City, Ia.; Chicago,
R.I.; W.Ls.; Denver, Colo.; St. Paul
and Minneapolis; Minn.; Fort Wayne,
Ind.; St. Joseph; Kansas City, Mo.,
and Omaha and Lincoln, Neb., were
listed as competitors. The bowlers
were arranged to begin this morning
and to continue until late tonight.

Two changes were made in the
positions of the all-events and
five-means teams during the day
night. H. Lembeck of Kansas City,
taking first place in the all events,
with a score of 1813 and the Young
Men's Catholic Club of Kansas City,
Kan., winning second place in the
five-means.

The standing—Bowlers Journal, Chi-
ago, 1846; Young Men's Catholic
Club, Kansas City, Kan., 2818;
Des Moines, Des Moines, Ia., 2804;
I.A. Eagle Printing Co., Kansas City,
Mo., 2805; Black Hawk Hotel, Daven-
port, Iowa; Nurses Oil Co., Omaha,
Nebr., 2798.

Doubles—Lorenz-Smith, Waterloo,
Ia.; Evans—Lembeck, Kansas City,
Mo., 1818; K. Scipio, Omaha,
Neb., 1819; W. R. Learn, Omaha, 1810; J.
Wilson, Ok., 1789; H. Melnhardt, St.
Louis, 1789.

Tiger Star Dead.
NEW YORK, Dec. 2.—Roscos
Black, former University of Missouri
star football player, died Thursday
at Stamps Arms according to a tele-
gram received here today.

Rodowé Is Suspended.
NEW YORK, Dec. 2.—Dave Rodowé,
with the Indians, lost to Mike
O'Dowd of St. Paul on a foul in the
eighth round of a 15-round match
for recognition by the State Athletic
Commission as world's champion
middleweight. He has been suspended
for 25 days. Rodowé had been record
holder. He had been record holder
twice for hitting low in the same
round in which he was disqualified.
After the bout his share of the
receipts were ordered withheld
pending an investigation by the Ath-
letic Commission.

Rosenberg Is Suspended.
NEW YORK, Dec. 2.—Dave Rosen-
berg, with the Indians, lost to Mike
O'Dowd of St. Paul on a foul in the
eighth round of a 15-round match
for recognition by the State Athletic
Commission as world's champion
middleweight. He has been suspended
for 25 days. Rosenberg had been record
holder twice for hitting low in the same
round in which he was disqualified.
After the bout his share of the
receipts were ordered withheld
pending an investigation by the Ath-
letic Commission.

Rodowé Announced.
After the meeting that the players of
the Grahams had been declared free
agents and were at liberty to sign
with any of the other teams.

Bonjour, Monsieur Clemenceau, Il Ressemble la Premiere Division, N'est-ce-pas?

Yale Coach Who Will Be Back



—Underwood & Underwood.

Municipal Teams Play Third Round Cup Tie Tomorrow

Prendergast-St. Leo Game Will
Be Fifth Title Clash Here
in Four Weeks.

By Herman Wecke.

St. Louis soccer fans, fed up with
cup games for the past month, will
get another taste of national title
competition tomorrow afternoon,
when the St. Leos and Prendergasts,
the two Municipal Association sur-
vivors, fight it out at Sportsmen's
Park. This will be a third round
game, and without a doubt the winner
will be drawn to oppose the local
professional entry.

The game tomorrow will be the
fifth title battle in four weeks. This
duel of cup clashes started Nov.
15, when the Municipal Association
played a double bill, in which
tomorrow's contenders were the win-
ners. Nov. 22 came the "force" in
which the Vesper-Bucks defeated
Wilsonville, 8-0. Then last Sunday,
the Scullins advanced with a victory
over the West Frankfort eleven.

But that is not all. There will be
another cup game within the next
two weeks. While not officially an-
nounced, it was learned yesterday
that the St. Louis Soccer League
was contemplating playing the Scul-
lins-Vesper Buck game, Dec. 11.

Will Be Important Game.

As well as a cup game, Dec. 17
has been set aside as the day for
playing the benefit for the family of
Pete Ratican, former manager of
the Ben Millers, who died recently.

It is figured that a cup game on this
day would draw out many more per-
sons.

This battle will be one of the most
important waged in St. Louis in
many days, as it is the consensus
that the victor will be the Western
representative in the battle with the
East for national honors. A year
ago it was the Scullins, but to date
the men of Tate Brady have not
shown as well as was the case a
year ago.

The two Municipal elevens battling
for the right to advance in the com-
petition tomorrow are evenly balanced.
They are members of the Fairground
League. No two members of each
team are tied with one victory
and defeat and four tie contests.

They advanced to the second round
via forfeits, but gained victories on
the field for the right to compete
tomorrow. The Prendergasts downed
the Paul Muellers and the Leos
tamed the Ben Millers.

Both Teams Strengthened.

These teams will be strengthened
for tomorrow's contest. The St. Leos
will be able to use Larry Riley
in the forward line and Croak at half-
back. These players were ineligible
for the games of Nov. 15. The Pre-
ndergast forward line will be
strengthened by the addition of
George Cronin, Mickey Mernan and
John T. Quinn.

Fourth race—\$700, 3-year-olds and up.
Fifth race—\$2000, all ages, claiming, five
and one-half furlooms.

Sixth race—\$1000, 3-year-olds and up.

Seventh race—\$700, 3-year-olds and up.
Eighth race—\$1000, 3-year-olds and up.

Ninth race—\$1000, 3-year-olds and up.
Tenth race—\$1000, 3-year-olds and up.

Eleventh race—\$1000, 3-year-olds and up.

Twelfth race—\$1000, 3-year-olds and up.

Thirteenth race—\$1000, 3-year-olds and up.

Fourteenth race—\$1000, 3-year-olds and up.

Fifteenth race—\$1000, 3-year-olds and up.

Sixteenth race—\$1000, 3-year-olds and up.

Seventeenth race—\$1000, 3-year-olds and up.

Eighteenth race—\$1000, 3-year-olds and up.

Nineteenth race—\$1000, 3-year-olds and up.

Twenty-first race—\$1000, 3-year-olds and up.

Twenty-second race—\$1000, 3-year-olds and up.

Twenty-third race—\$1000, 3-year-olds and up.

Twenty-fourth race—\$1000, 3-year-olds and up.

Twenty-fifth race—\$1000, 3-year-olds and up.

Twenty-sixth race—\$1000, 3-year-olds and up.

Twenty-seventh race—\$1000, 3-year-olds and up.

Twenty-eighth race—\$1000, 3-year-olds and up.

Twenty-ninth race—\$1000, 3-year-olds and up.

Thirtieth race—\$1000, 3-year-olds and up.

Thirty-first race—\$1000, 3-year-olds and up.

Thirty-second race—\$1000, 3-year-olds and up.

Thirty-third race—\$1000, 3-year-olds and up.

Thirty-fourth race—\$1000, 3-year-olds and up.

Thirty-fifth race—\$1000, 3-year-olds and up.

Thirty-sixth race—\$1000, 3-year-olds and up.

Thirty-seventh race—\$1000, 3-year-olds and up.

Thirty-eighth race—\$1000, 3-year-olds and up.

Thirty-ninth race—\$1000, 3-year-olds and up.

Fortieth race—\$1000, 3-year-olds and up.

Forty-first race—\$1000, 3-year-olds and up.

Forty-second race—\$1000, 3-year-olds and up.

Forty-third race—\$1000, 3-year-olds and up.

GAINS RECORDED AT THE WEEK-END ON STOCK MARKET

Sterling Exchange Touches
Highest Level Since 1919
—French and Belgian
Franks Do Not Follow
British Rate.

By Leased Wire From the New York Bureau of the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, Dec. 2.—The Evening Star reported yesterday financial review today says:

"Strength in stocks continued throughout the morning. Prices of several of the market leaders were helped along by foreign buying. The market and the list generally absorbed without much difficulty such profit-taking as appeared. Both rails and industrials showed in the gains which amounted to a much more positive than the usual body of stocks. There was an unusual demand for United States Steel common and this stock set the pace for the industrial list. Bonds were also active and firm."

New High for Sterling.

"A brisk demand for sterling caused the rate to move to another new high for the year, and in fact to the highest level it has reached since 1919. At 16.124 it stood refined yesterday. The market leaders followed the lead of the pound, and the French and Belgian francs, however, did not follow sterling. The former lost 3 points at 7.034 cents and the latter 24 points at 6.81 cents. The Swiss and Dutch exchanges were also lower. The South American currencies with the exception of Brazilian. Contrasting with a rise of 39 points in Argentine pesos, the Brazilian milreis dropped 1 cent. Business in all currencies was more active than usual for the short session."

The weekly statement of the Federal Reserve System showed an increase of \$30,000,000 in note circulation which was the largest for twelve months. There was an aggregate increase for the week of \$25,000,000 in discounted paper and a reduction in cash reserves of \$10,000,000. Deposit banks decreased their reserve banks by \$20,000,000. The change was accompanied by a moderate decline in the reserve ratio, which stood at 74.4 per cent as against 76.7 per cent in the previous week and 77.1 a year ago.

The weekly statement of the Clearing House shows an increase of securities, \$30,000,000 in loans and discounts. Demand deposits also increased over \$25,000,000 "now standing at \$3,858,000." Both circulation and reserve in the New York district showed gains. These changes were accompanied by a decrease of \$1,300,000 in surplus so that there was an actual deficit for the week of \$7,472,000.

Foreign Exchange

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, Dec. 2.—Following is a list of today's foreign exchange quotations:

STERLING—\$4.86; commercial 90 days, \$4.88; 60 days, \$4.89; commercial 90 days, \$4.90.

FRANCE (per 19 cents per franc)—7.034 cents.

ITALY (per 19 cents per lire)—4.874 cents.

BRITAIN (per 19 cents per pound)—6.81 cents.

DENMARK (per 19 cents per krone)—6.524 cents.

SWEDEN (per 19 cents per krona)—6.76 cents.

HOLLAND (per 19 cents per florin)—40.2 cents.

GERMANY (per 19 cents per mark)—29.8 cents.

AUSTRIA (per 19 cents per krona)—10.85 cents.

GERMANY (per 19 cents per mark)—11.50 cents.

SWITZERLAND (per 19 cents per franc)—76.98 cents per franc.

DENMARK (per 19 cents per krone)—18.50 cents.

SPAIN (per 19 cents per peseta)—18.76 cents.

HUNGARY (per 19 cents per forint)—40.2 cents.

PORTUGAL (per 19 cents per escudo)—31.08 cents.

MEXICO (per 19 cents per peso)—20 cents.

COSTA RICA (per 19 cents per colón)—1.50 cents.

CHILE (per 19 cents per peso)—1.00 cents.

PERU (per 19 cents per sol)—0.80 cents.

EGYPT (per 19 cents per piastre)—0.80 cents.

URUGUAY (per 19 cents per peso)—1.0342 cents per peso.

CHILE (20 cents per peso)—1.91 cents per peso.

CANADA (cents per Canadian dollar)—1.00 cents.

St. Louis Reserve Bank.

Condensed statement of the Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis at close of business Nov. 29.

Reserve gold and gold certificates, \$3,212,000; gold held in trust, \$4,111,000; gold held in bank, \$21,000,000; silver held in trust, \$21,000,000; total gold reserves, \$10,797,000; federal reserve notes, \$1,111,000; other notes, \$1,111,000; total notes, \$2,222,000; other notes, \$1,111,000; member banks' reserve account, \$10,000,000; all other \$300,000; total bank circulation, \$34,300,000; F. R. bank notes, \$2,000,000; total bank notes, \$2,000,000; total availability items, \$36,800,000; certificate of indebtedness, one-year certificate, \$100,000; certificate of indebtedness, one-year certificate, \$100,000; Bank premises, \$971,000; 1 per cent notes, \$1,000,000; 6 per cent notes, \$1,000,000; uncollected items, \$37,816,000; all other, \$1,000,000; total liability, \$11,672,000.

Liabilities Capital paid in, \$4,812,000.

Capital in excess of par value, \$1,000,000.

Bank notes, \$1,000,000.

Bank notes

**Wall Street
News and Comment
SPECIAL DAILY—**

Special Correspondent of the Post-Dispatch.

YORK, Dec. 2.—Today's stock market was a mix of short covering on the part of speculators who have not only covered and reported buying in a number of individual stocks impelled by special

contrast with last Saturday's session was notable, comparing the outside business and financial situation in detail that of a week ago, there was any apparent feature present that was not equally present. It was further indication that the pools and others who were throwing over in the market of a week ago because they had to and wanted to, wished to be leaders. In today's trading stocks like the steels, stocks, and the oils, which had been heavily sold on the recent decline, in which the largest short was to be assumed. Other shares were not influenced by special buying in Studebaker. Stocks were in demand, among stock dividends by some companies. Profit-taking appeared in the copper group many of the rails.

The exchange made a new high record for the last three years. Italian lire are still in demand, but the franc fell behind.

Selling cut more of the stock market toward the end of the day.

They were felt more especially strong earlier in the week, like the sugars and coppers, speculative favorites of the day off a half point or so, but in the list was well sustained.

The Bond Market.

A broad and rising market the two hours of trading in today, continuing the advance Friday, prices were bid up all the time. Perhaps second bonds were most in favor St. Louis.

Consolidated moved ahead on heavy trans-

This is a short-term bond of 7 per cent, the obligation which has shown good earning power over two or three years and has given dividends on its pre-

stock. Hudson & Manhattan moved ahead on heavy trans-

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stock. Hudson & Manhattan moved ahead on heavy trans-

BUTCHER HOGS STAYED TO LOWER AS WEEK ENDS

NATIONAL STOCKYARDS, Ill., Dec. 2.—Butcher hogs were steady to lower as week ends.

BUCKLE—Received here today, light and medium, mainly of common butcher market, which ruled steady to lower as week ends. \$2.75 to \$3.25.

CALF—Received here today, light and medium, mainly of common butcher market, which ruled steady to lower as week ends, \$1.60 to \$1.80.

STEER—Received here today, light and medium, mainly of common butcher market, which ruled steady to lower as week ends, \$8.50 to \$8.75; medium to \$10.00 to \$12.00.

HEIFER—Received here today, light and medium, mainly of common butcher market, which ruled steady to lower as week ends, \$8.50 to \$8.75; medium to \$10.00 to \$12.00.

COW—Received here today, light and medium, mainly of common butcher market, which ruled steady to lower as week ends, \$8.50 to \$8.75; medium to \$10.00 to \$12.00.

CAVES—Received here today, light and medium, mainly of common butcher market, which ruled steady to lower as week ends, \$8.50 to \$8.75; medium to \$10.00 to \$12.00.

PIG—Received here today, light and medium, mainly of common butcher market, which ruled steady to lower as week ends, \$8.50 to \$8.75; medium to \$10.00 to \$12.00.

LAMB—Received here today, light and medium, mainly of common butcher market, which ruled steady to lower as week ends, \$8.50 to \$8.75; medium to \$10.00 to \$12.00.

GOAT—Received here today, light and medium, mainly of common butcher market, which ruled steady to lower as week ends, \$8.50 to \$8.75; medium to \$10.00 to \$12.00.

PIGEON—Received here today, light and medium, mainly of common butcher market, which ruled steady to lower as week ends, \$8.50 to \$8.75; medium to \$10.00 to \$12.00.

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CAPITULATIONS OF TURKS TAKEN UP BY CONFERENCE

Pasha to Contend Foreign Special Privilege in Turkey Is Successfully Terminated.

By the Associated Press. LAUSANNE, Dec. 2.—The question of Turkish capitulations is on the Near East conference program for discussion today. Ismet Pasha and his associates are preparing to make a hard fight to sustain the claim that the Kemalist Government has successfully terminated the special privileges accorded to foreigners under the Constantinople regime.

The progress of the capitulations discussion in the conference is being watched with great interest at Ankara, as the more extreme Nationalists insist that the privileges have been so gallantly to Turkey that the country will never again submit to such inferiority to the Western Powers.

MAN SENTENCED TO 10-YEAR TERM FOR \$12.50 HOLDUP

Notoriety Gained by Frank Novicky When He "Confessed" to Murder He Did Not Commit.

Frank Novicky, 25 years old, of 1407 North Tenth street, was sentenced yesterday to serve 10 years in the penitentiary by Circuit Judge Hogan for a highway robbery in which Novicky obtained \$7.50 and a ring valued at \$5 from William Weiss of 4708 Atkins avenue, Jan. 24. Novicky pleaded guilty.

While in jail last March, Novicky "confessed" to the murder of John Adams, a saloonkeeper, of 1256 North Main street, for which offense Theodore Sadowski, 22, then was under a murder indictment. An investigation convinced Circuit Attorney Siedler that Novicky later denied his "confession" was untrue. Authorities said that Novicky was of low mentality and had been prevailed upon by other prisoners to "confess."

Sadowski, after two trials, was sentenced to life imprisonment and is now in the penitentiary. He later admitted that his revolver was used to kill Arant, but denied that he did the shooting.

Sulfur Against Governor Shifted.

JACKSON, Miss., Dec. 2.—The scene of the Bullock-Russell damage suit in which a stenographer is suing the Governor of Mississippi for \$10,000, will be shifted to Oxford, Miss., where the case is on the Federal Court docket for the term beginning Monday.

of what is to be done with the Bosporus and the Dardanelles.

The Great Event Seven-O-Sevens

Rent a Car—Drive It Yourself All Makes—Ford Packard, All Models, Roadsters to Limousines.

50 Cents Per Hour and Up Fuerst-Walsh Motor Sales 3918 OLIVE STREET Saint Louis, Mo. Phone Lindell 2860

The Great Event Seven-O-Sevens

Offer is open only to boys and girls who are not identified with the sale or distribution of the POST-DISPATCH, and who reside within St. Louis, Belleville, Granite City, Venice and Madison in Illinois; and Kirkwood, Webster Groves, Florissant, Valley Park and Maplewood in Missouri.

3 subscriptions are required—each for 6 months. No extra credit for yearly subscriptions.

New subscriptions are required—from persons not now reading the Daily POST-DISPATCH, whether purchased from newsboy or newsdealer, or delivered by carrier.

Daily subscriptions are required. No credit allowed for Sunday POST-DISPATCH subscriptions. A Sunday POST-DISPATCH reader who has not been reading the Daily POST-DISPATCH may subscribe through you under this plan.

Verified subscriptions are required. We investigate the validity of the order and the subscriber's responsibility. All orders are received subject to acceptance or rejection by the POST-DISPATCH.

Home-Delivered subscriptions are required. Business district readers are better served by newsboys and cannot be included under the terms of this offer. This makes necessary a

SATURDAY,
DECEMBER 2, 1922.SATURDAY,
DECEMBER 2, 1922.

BUSINESS FOR SALE

For Sale

JEWELRY STORE FIXTURES

For Sale

REPAIR SHOP—First-class, mu-

tual repair shop, \$1000.00 down,

large retail jewelry business, modelled after

Fleming's York coat \$3000.00, \$250.00

initial investment, \$1000.00 down, 12 months

interest or brokerage, \$1000.00 down, 12 months.

PARLOR—Selling because of

business, 3871 Market st., (7)

FLOURING STORE—First-class estab-

lished, reasonable price, 1438 Hadamian,

(7)

TYPEWRITERS AND ADDING

MACHINES

For Sale

TYPEWRITER—Underwood factory rebuilt,

\$35 down, \$3 monthly, \$300.00 down,

Smith, Oliver, Nosses, Woodstock and

others, \$100.00 down, 12 months \$3

upward, \$100.00 down, 12 months \$100.00

WRAPPER—Paul A. Schlesinger

(7)

WATER WHEELS—Apply Episcopal

Churches, 171 S. Grand, Grand

High wa-

"Get that Big Sunday Paper With the 2 funnies"

200 Men Rejected as Jurors

A staff correspondent tells in the Sunday Post-Dispatch why the selection of a jury in the Herrin case is so difficult.

How Outraged Wife Got Revenge

Another chapter in the sordid story of the irregular love affairs of well-known architect. Beautiful wife waited until romance crumbled and then—within the law—avenged herself.

Who Killed Handsome Joe Lanus?

Woman's voice over phone, a glove and a list of the names of 150 women are clues which may lead to the murderer.

Civilization Crumbling at Rapid Rate?

H. G. Wells, noted writer, makes startling assertion in a recent speech, pointing out visible signs of the creeping death of our modern civilization.

The New Master of Italy

Roberto de Violini, Royal Italian consular agent in St. Louis, who worked with Mussolini, tells interesting things about the man who came into such quick power in Italy.

Women With Home and Business

Sarah E. MacDougall tells how a "career" does not prevent domestic happiness and service to family. Interviews with modern women successful in business and home.

Governors Plan to Suppress Klan

Executives in two states plan to place governmental ban on Ku Klux Klan. Feeling grows that boldness of organization requires action against its activities.

Murderer Caught Through Broken Button

How a broken button led to the capture and conviction of a murderer is one of the true stories of crime-detection told by former head of Scotland Yard.

Amazing Medical Discovery Antagonized

Dr. Abrams has patients who declare he cured them of serious diseases, yet medical profession is hostile to theory and medical press ridicules the claims made.

"The Eternal Feminine" in Pictures

The Post-Dispatch Rotogravure Picture Section shows contrasting photographs of women from youth to old age and in varied spheres of activity and adornment.

How Unwed Mother Found Refuge

Nancy Jordan and her son will be taken into the home of the divorced wife, Frank G. Warren. Striking photographs of the principals in the tangle accompany the story.

Fate of Two Famous Beauties

One lost her fortune and now, in exile, works as a seamstress. The other sees her name, formerly on the scroll of fame, written on a police court blotter.

Germany Begins Laughing at Herself

Berlin editor writes amusing and amazingly candid article in which he views Germany as others see her, and tells how the Germans "get the money" from Americans.

Pictures of Stage and Screen Stars

A page of exceptionally attractive Rotogravure Pictures showing favorite stage and screen making merry in attractive poses and gorgeous apparel.

Fiction and
Women's
SATURDAY, DECEMBER 1, 1928.



Elliott Dexter, movie star; Samuel L. Untermeyer, Elliott Dexter, the man of honor.



The Talmadge sisters, movie stars, call on Ambassador Harvey in London to present their protegees whom they will introduce into the movies following her selection as the most beautiful girl in England in a newspaper contest. Left to right—Norma Talmadge, Ambassador Harvey, the protegee, Miss Lucy, and Constance Talmadge. —International Photo-Press.

Professor John P. Tiernan and his bride whom he deserted after a day's honeymoon, to return to his first wife in South Bend, Ind. —International Photo-Press.

**THE SUNDAY
POST-DISPATCH**
St. Louis' BIGGEST and BEST Newspaper

Fiction and
Women's Features
SATURDAY, DECEMBER 2, 1922.

DAILY MAGAZINE

ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

Popular Comics
News Photographs
SATURDAY, DECEMBER 2, 1922.

PAGE 13



Elliott Dexter, movie hero, weds Mrs. Mina C. Untermyer, divorced wife of the son of Samuel L. Untermyer, New York attorney. Left to right—Cecil B. De Mille, best man; Elliott Dexter, the Rev. E. P. Ryland, Mrs. Elliott Dexter and Mrs. A. Freeman, matron of honor.

—Pacific & Atlantic Photograph.

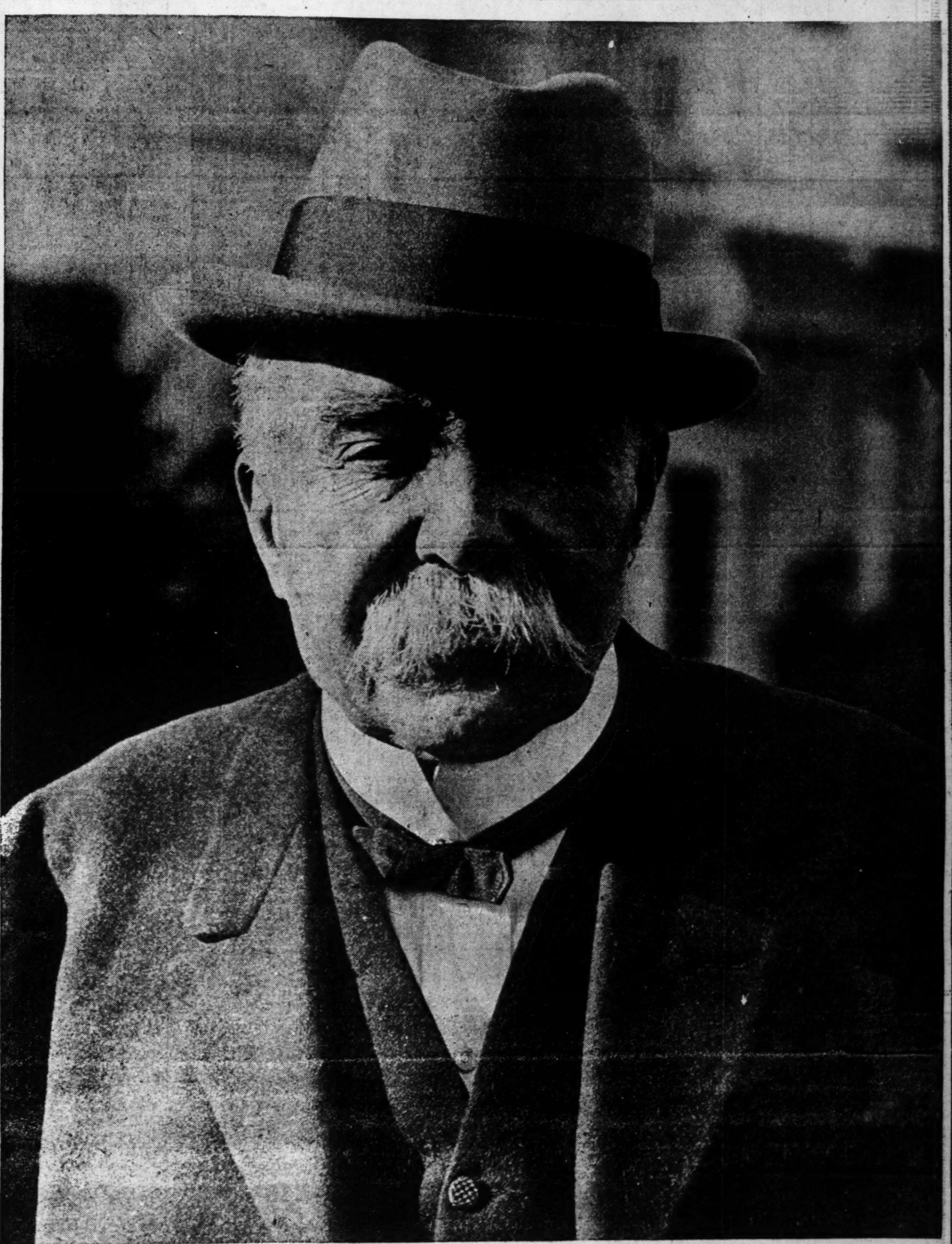


The Talmadge sisters, movie stars, call on Ambassador Harvey in London to present their protegee whom they will introduce into the movies following her selection as the most beautiful girl in England in a newspaper contest. Left to right—Norma Talmadge, Ambassador Harvey, the protegee, Miss Ley, and Constance Talmadge.

—International Photograph.

Professor John P. Tierman and his bride whom he deserted after a day's honeymoon, to return to his first wife in South Bend, Ind.

—International Photograph.



A remarkable photographic portrait of the distinguished Frenchman who honors St. Louis with his presence today. Former Premier Georges Clemenceau.

—By a Staff Photographer of the Post-Dispatch.



First photograph from the Lausanne council. Front row: Lord Curzon of England, Premier Mussolini of Italy and Premier Poincaré of France.

—International Photograph.



Why She Married Him

By Sophie Irene Loeb

A woman weeps as she sits alone in an apartment—tears for her lost youth and her lost hopes and her lost dreams, for she had had a nightmare of a life with the man she married and now he has run away. This is the tenth time.

And the woman weeps and she will weep many, many more times unless she strikes out for herself and realizes that the cause is hopeless. If you should ask this woman why she married him, she will tell to you something like this:

"I just felt sorry for him. I could help it. He seemed so helpless. He needed some one and was just like a child in many ways. He just seemed to do the wrong thing and then he was sorry for it."

"He would work a while and then get disgusted with his work, but when you buoyed him up he would be encouraged and do what was right, and then he would go on a big drunk and I had to go through with it."

So Strong-Headed.

"But when he was himself again he was very sweet and kind, and then the next thing he would get into some serious trouble and it would take weeks, months, to get out of the trouble. But the worst of it all is that he was so strong-headed. And my trouble was feeling sorry for him all the time."

And she will go on feeling sorry for him until she begins to feel sorry for herself, and then she will give

him an opportunity and let him stand without her.

When he can prove that he is a man then is the time, and not until then, for her to take up the thread of things with him again.

Certainly every woman should do everything in the world to help her husband. She must stand by him through thick and thin, but when it is always thin and there seems to be no hope and she begins to feel sorry for him, she will be sorry for him all the days of her life and nothing more.

Beat and Apologize.

In this particular case many a time the man would beat the woman and afterward he would be on his knees apologizing.

He gives her a black eye. He has called her every kind of a name. He has threatened to kill her and then commit suicide and has beaten on her all such cowardly abuses.

And yet in the end of it she is sorry for him. Several times he has run away and left her for months. But always when he comes back pleading, she is sorry, sorry, sorry.

And she will go on being sorry until the end of the chapter, and perhaps the end of her.

Never marry a man because you are sorry for him or to reform him or to be a mother to him. The partnership has to be equal in give and take, and if you are always sorry for him you will give all and get nothing.

(Copyright, 1922.)

Menu Suggestions for the Week

SUNDAY, DECEMBER 3, 1922.

Breakfast	Luncheon	Dinner
Grapes	Roast Lamb or Pork	Cold Pork Sandwiches
Cereal	Baked Apples	Pickled Beets
2-Minute Eggs	Mashed Potatoes	Fresh Coconuts Cake
Bacon	Creamed Cauliflower	Ice Cream
Toast	Frozen Fruit Salad	Coffee, Tea, Milk
Coffee, Cocoa, Milk	Cake	Cake, Tea, Milk

MONDAY, DECEMBER 4, 1922.

Breakfast	Luncheon	Dinner
Grapefruit	Cream of Tomato Soup	Veal Loaf — Tomato
Wheat Cakes—Syrup	Croutons	Sauce
Coffee, Cocoa, Milk	Pimento Cheese Sand-	Brown Potatoes
	wiches	Creamed Onions
	Caramel Custard	Celery Salad
	Lemon Cookies	Cranberry Pie
	Coffee, Tea, Milk	Coffee, Tea, Milk

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 5, 1922.

Breakfast	Luncheon	Dinner
Cereal	Apple and Celery Salad	Baked Spare Ribs
Slices—Bananas	Baked Potato	Rice Croquettes
Cream	Peanut Butter Sand-	Head Lettuce—1000 Is-
Ham and Eggs, Fried	wiches	Ice Cream
Breakfast Rolls	Hot Mince Pie	Dessert—Whipped
Coffee, Cocoa, Milk	Cream	Cream

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 6, 1922.

Breakfast	Luncheon	Dinner
Baked Apple	Potato Soup	Baked Chicken—Dress-
Cereal	Fruit Salad	Rice Potatoes
French Toast	Wheat Bread and Butter	Baked, Stuffed Green
Cheese Sausage	Sandwiches	Peppers
Coffee, Cocoa, Milk	Coffee, Tea, Milk	Hot Biscuits

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 7, 1922.

Breakfast	Luncheon	Dinner
Canned Peaches	White Cherry—Cream	Creamed—Chicken
Cereal	Cheese Sandwich	Patties
Fried Sausage	Apple Pie à la Mode	Pork Chops
Creamed Potatoes	Coffee, Tea, Milk	Baked Corn Pudding
Tomato		Asparagus Salad
Coffee, Cocoa, Milk		Fruit Gelatin—Tea

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 8, 1922.

Breakfast	Luncheon	Dinner
Grapes	Tomato and Cheese	Vegetable Soup
Waffles—Honey	Omelet	Fried Fish or Sole
Coffee, Cocoa, Milk	Hot Rolls	Mashed Potatoes
	Apple Pie—Cheese	Brussels Sprouts
	Coffee, Tea, Milk	Pear Salad

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 9, 1922.

Breakfast	Luncheon	Dinner
Pears	Shrimp Salad	Pork Tenderloins, Apple
Cereal with Top Milk	Hot Rolls	Sauces
Apple Fritters	Apple Tapioca	Fried Potatoes
Coffee, Cocoa, Milk	Coffee, Tea, Milk	Fried Parsnips

Breakfast	Luncheon	Dinner
		Waldorf Salad
		Plum Pudding
		Coffee, Tea, Milk

Uncle Sam Says	Prospective Mothers.
The United States Government maintains at Washington an office where your needs and the needs of your children are the only business transacted. This office, known as the Children's Bureau, has prepared many publications for the use of mothers and prospective mothers. Of all these publications, none is more important than their booklet called "Prenatal Care." This booklet gives information of a character most needed at this critical time in the mother's life.	The Scapsgoat.

THE RHYMING OPTIMIST	By Aline Michaelis

PUMPKIN PIE	
ONE and one-half cups strained pumpkin or squash, one-half cup sugar, one cup of boiling milk poured over the pumpkin before the sugar is added, one teaspoon salt, one teaspoon cinnamon, one egg slightly beaten. Put into uncooked crust and bake. All pies should be started in a hot oven and the heat lowered after the first 10 or 15 minutes.	

Declarer of the Post-Dispatch may obtain a copy of this booklet free, as long as the free edition lasts, by writing to the Children's Bureau, Department of Labor, Washington, D. C. The booklet will come to you in a sealed package.	
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LE PAGE FOR WOMEN

SIGN FOR GOWNS



th bands of metal threads a recent import from Paris. It is adorned with crystal with skirt of serge with and metal thread girdle.

Right: For the business girl who must choose a gown which can wear to dinner and the theater; but which, through lack

of time, must of necessity be also worn at the office on such occasions, something of the type shown above would be satisfactory. Of blue Canton crepe with loose panels at the side and bertha of ecru crepe and lace.

to match the fur itself.

LONDON—Monkey fur in a strange shade of gray is used on new costumes and wraps. Rabbit fur cloaks are very much in demand here today and invariably have a trimming of black monkey. Some black velvet evening gowns have white monkey fur as an odd decoration.

NEW YORK—An evening at the opera serves to prove the return to favor of old-fashioned jewelry. Arranged for wear, for example, now are the old styled diamond and platinum combinations. They are oblong disks very often with five or six little jeweled chains hanging down to the shoulder.

NEW YORK—One of the prettiest and one of the most practical "toys" on display here today is a watch set in a ring. Of platinum and emeralds, the dial is not much larger than a thumb nail, yet it is said to

keep time perfectly. The woman who wore it at tea in the Ritz had a costume of gray and green, so that the watch ring was a suitable bit of jewelry.

In London the proportion of females to 1000 males has risen from 1127 in 1911 to 1165 in 1921, and there has been an increase of 25,922 in widows during that period.

lakes to His Heels
W. Burgess.

—Old Mother Nature is as fashionista as ever. Oh, dear! Paddy will be caught!" Peter.

—Though muffs seem to be as fashionable this season as some other years, it is evident the correct shape, according to showings, is the flat, oblong. Pockets are deep enough and curved enough so that muffs appear necessary, but when they should be without frills, one kind of fur and lined

down to the shoulder.

—It's Yowler the Bob Cat, as I am alive!" muttered under his breath.

—When the stormy winds do blow" So goes the old sea song, and it would be good advice to add

DRINK
Baker's Cocoa

It is warming and sustaining, for it has genuine food value, and may be safely indulged in any hour of the day for it is stimulating only in the sense that pure food is stimulating.

It is delicious too.

Made only by
WALTER BAKER & CO. LTD.
DORCHESTER, MASSACHUSETTS

Booklet of Choice Recipes sent free

Mrs. Rose Reiter, employee
Federal Passport Bureau in C
speaks fluently 16 languages
able to read several others

(Copyright, 1922)

ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH
SATURDAY, DECEMBER 2, 1922

American Stenographer The Best Dressed Girl In All the Wide World

"Smarter Than Parisians," Says May Christie, "and Infinitely Prettier—Plucked Eyebrows (Never Seen in England) Give Face 'Finished Look.'"

By May Christie
(Copyright, 1922, by May Christie.)

"I'm going to take you to see the best-dressed girls in the world," announced a man I know, the other day. I laughed and said:

"A tall order, isn't it? Two months ago I promenaded the Bois de Boulogne, in Paris, with the same intention, and was just a wee bit disappointed in the results: French girls are chic, but dress with such extreme severity and plainness. And they aren't pretty."

"What of London?"

"Here I hesitated.

"Pretty? Yes, as a wild rose is pretty, but I can't honestly say they make the most of themselves. I live not far from Bond street, where the best-dressed women shop in the afternoons. And on Sunday mornings I often saunter in the park, through the Row, which is a fashionable promenade. But for one well dressed girl you'll see 10 that aren't, though I hate to say so. They dress too 'patchily.'

—manion smiled.

"So you think English girls are spotless. They had dainty gloves, and—wonder of wonders!—real silk stockings on the slimlest ankles one sees anywhere. The newest fad in tiny bags dangled from their wrists, and they walked like young Diana, though from the looks of them—I'm sure they didn't need to do one moment's hunting.. .

"They're smarter than Parisians," I said, in all sincerity, "and infinitely prettier. Even their faces are well-groomed look!"

But I didn't know they were stenographers and secretaries! I didn't dream that they were working girls!

I thought they'd strayed from the mansions of the wealthy, and were millionaires, at the least!

Every smallest detail of their clothes was "right,"—perfect, "right." From the small little hat set at the proper angle on their immaculately coiffured hair to their correctly fitted shoes with the 10-cent shine upon them that we ignore in England (with disastrous consequences) they were absolute perfection, artistically speaking.

"But they can't have been working all day long?" I hazarded. "They look as if they'd stepped straight from a bandbox!"

For their suits were pressed, and their skirts hung straight and quite uncrumpled. Their blouses—waists." I ought to say—were crisp

"Like a million dollars?"—(since my own adjectives had given out!) "It's the same all over the States. You meet!"

"The best-dressed girl in the world!" I finished, with conviction.

Maxims of a Modern Maid

By Marguerite Moers Marshall

(Copyright, 1922)
If a wife must live ON her husband she should be sure he has principles, but for living WITH him charm is far more indispensable.

A MAN chooses a wife on the same basis that he chooses a stenographer—first come, first served—provided she is well recommended and easy to look at. But a woman devotes almost as much care to the selection of a husband as to the selection of a hat—and she doesn't care how much either costs when she finds what suits her.

One difference between passion and love is that the latter may be a solo performance. Love, indeed, sometimes displays better form in poetic dreams of its object than in that object's prosaic—not to say disconcerting—presence.

A man sometimes forgives a woman for not loving him long enough, but he never was known to forgive her for loving him too long.

Wit is the flashlight of conversation, focused swiftly on a definite spot; but humor is conversational phosphorescence—the uncapturable gleam.

There are approximately 60,000 clubwomen in the State of Pennsylvania.

Children Cry for Fletcher's

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher on the wrapper for over 30 years just to protect the coming generations. Do not be deceived. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but experiments that endanger the health of Children—Experience against Experiment.

Never attempt to relieve your baby with a remedy that you would use for yourself.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paracetic, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other narcotic substance. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulence, Wind Colic and Diarrhoea; allying Feverishness arising therefrom, and by regulating the Stomach and Bowels, aids the assimilation of Food; giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Comfort—The Mother's Friend.

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over 30 Years

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY



Shop With the Christmas Spirit and You Will

Shop Early

—Early in the Day, Early in the Week and Early in the Month, Deriving Untold Benefits

Selections may be made so much easier in the morning hours, and from so much larger assortments now, that everybody should make early shopping a rule this Christmas.

Stocks are larger, assortments are broader, service is better, salespeople are in a better mood, and shoppers are in a better mood NOW. It surely ought to be a Merry Christmas, for it seems, from general observations, that preparations were never better for serving the shopper.

Thousands of Salespeople are in the Stores at 9:00 o'clock in the morning to assist Christmas Shoppers

It is interesting to consider the reason for there being so many busy workers in the stores: They are there to make it easier for shoppers—to help shoppers fill their needs from world-garnered stocks of merchandise. And for these many thousands of workers it is going to be Christmas, too, therefore—

Sow Christmas Cheer and Reap a Big Harvest by Shopping Early

POST-DISPATCH

St. Louis' Greatest Shopping Guide

Rock Island Lines

"Seventy Years of Service"

(192)

The Man on the Sandbox

by L. C. Davis

ALL-AMERICA.

FOOTBALL stars no more will caper
On the well-known college green;
But the champion team on paper
Soon will enter on the scene.

Boys, this All-Star aggregation,
Gathered for the Hall of Fame,
Would create a big sensation
Should they ever play a game.

Though it is their one ambition
To line up with Walter's mob,
After getting the position,
They don't work upon the job.

They defy you to defeat them,
They would sooner die than yield.
It's impossible to beat them
As they never take the field.

QUITE SO.

Turkey day has come and gone.
It's all over but the hash, as the
feller says.

And after the hash comes the re-
hash or the post-mortem, as it is
sometimes called.

LOSER LOSES EVERYTHING.
The football team that loses its
Thanksgiving day game should be
thankful that they are not playing in
Greece. The loser is out of luck
over there.

THE ISLES OF GREECE; the isles of
Greece! Where burning Sappho loved and
Where grew the arts of war and
peace.

The losers now are shot or hung;
They have no chance to pass the
buck.
And are distinctly out of luck.

Being a member of the Greek Cab-
net is anything but a cabin-pud-
ding.

"Man, 73, Who Underwent Gland
Operation, Wins 50-Yard Dash."
He must have made a glandstand
finish.

THE HORSE SHOW.
RIDE a cock-horse to Banbury
Cross.
To see a fair lady exhibit a horse;

METROPOLITAN MOVIES — By GENE GARR



"YOU KNOW ME, AL!" — WORDS AND PLOT BY RING LARDNER



MUTT AND JEFF — MUTT DIDN'T GET AWAY WITH IT THIS TIME — By BUD FISHER (Registered, U. S. Patent Office) (Copyright, 1922, by H. C. Fisher)

LIFE'S LITTLE JOKES — NUMBER 639,007 — By RUBE GOLDBERG

(Copyright, 1922)



IF YOU DON'T GET A CHANCE TO GET AWAY SOMEWHERE BY YOURSELF,

THINK OF THIS GUY



THE DAYS OF REAL SPORT — By BRIGGS

(Copyright, 1922)

**MY FAVORITE STORIES**

By IRVING S. COBB.

**NO PERSONAL INTEREST REA-
LY.**

In a courthouse in the northern part of the State of New Hampshire they were trying a will case. A witness for the contestant took the stand. Under oath he testified that on a certain day in a certain house he saw the decedent sign the will which was now in dispute.

Immediately the lawyer for the other side was on his feet announcing to the court he was prepared to prove that as a matter of fact the will had been signed in another house under altogether different circumstances at a time when this person could not possibly have been present.

Whereupon the man on the stand spoke up and said:

"Mebbe you're right." The trial Judge turned upon him. "What do you mean, then, by swearing under oath what you just have stated?"

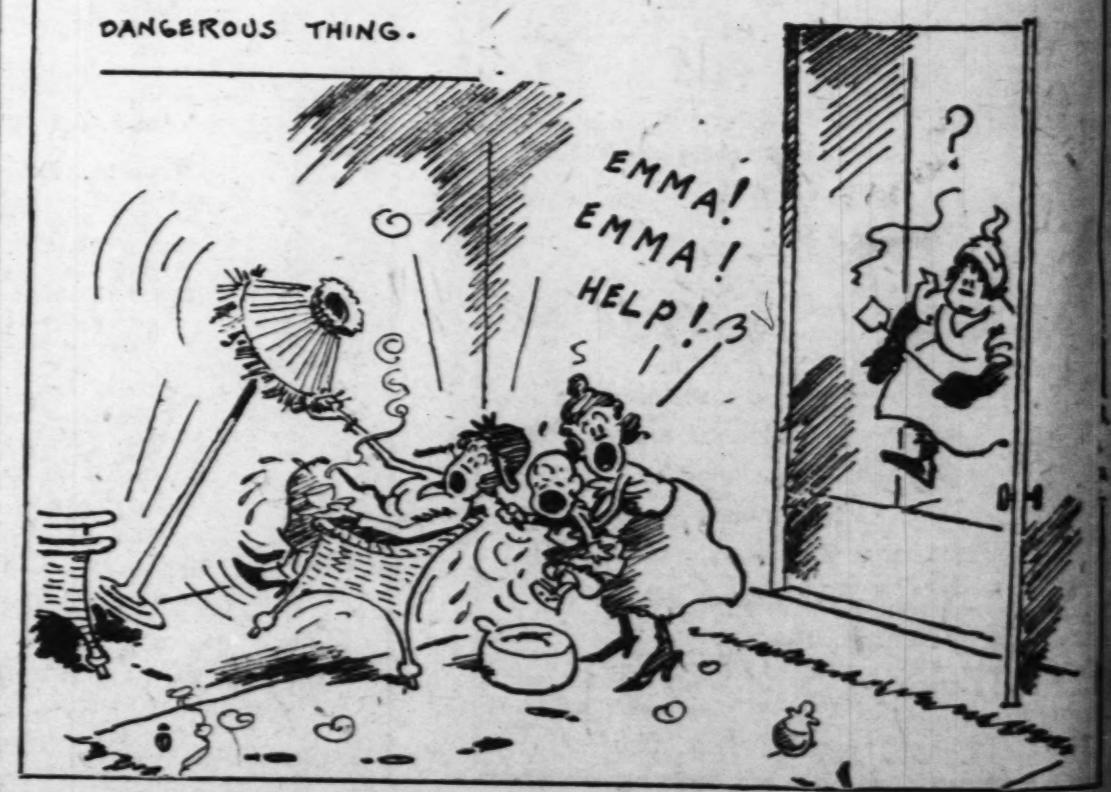
"Wall, Judge," said the witness calmly. "I don't keer a darn about the case nowways."

(Copyright, 1922)

FAMILY STUFF — By FONTAINE FOX

(Copyright, 1922)

WEARING THOSE BIG, BRIGHT COLORED
EAR-BOBS IN THE PRESENCE OF
BABIES IS A SOMEWHAT
DANGEROUS THING.



Ten T Offers
To Serve, Emp
Lease, Sell, Buy
See REAL ESTAT

VOL. 75. No. 8

"YO

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GUARD

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gram Adopted.

Post-Dispatch
No. 29 Wyatt
WASHINGTON, Dec. 2
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Supreme Court decisions
of the Federal Rese
continued on Page 7. 6

The City Circ